



CHANGELOG

| Version | Date | Author | Reason | Changes |
|---------|------------|------------|--|---|
| 0.1 | 08/06/2022 | DHA | First version | Creation of the document |
| 0.2 | 09/06/2022 | DAT | Comments by CPSTIC | Added additional information related to the differences between Community and Business Edition. |
| 1.0 | 28/07/2022 | DAT | Performed pertinent testing effort for BE 22.4 | Added sections 4 to 11. Added annexes A, B, C, D. |
| 2.0 | 12/12/2022 | JAL | Performed pertinent testing effort for BE 22.10 | Updated security requirements from the previous evaluation. Updated sections 4 to 11. Updated annexes A, B, C, D. Deleted section related to bootup sequence hardening from installation procedure. |
| 3.0 | 26/05/2023 | DAT JEC | Performed pertinent testing effort for BE 23.4 | Updated evaluated security requirements in section 2.2. Added Version 3.0 for the executive summary. Updated sections 4 to 11. Updated annexes A, B, C, D. |
| 3.1 | 12/07/2023 | DAT | Modifications given ETR validation report from CPSTIC. | Added Version 3.1 for the executive summary. Added information for tests included in Annex B. Enhanced description for [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3010]. |



TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | Intr | ntroduction5 | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|--|--|--|
| | 1.1 | Evaluation Technical Report information 5 | | | | | |
| | 1.2 | 1.2 TOE developer information | | | | | |
| 2 | TOI | E des | scription | 6 | | | |
| | 2.1 | Fun | ctional description of the TOE | 6 | | | |
| | 2.2 | Inve | entory of security functions | 7 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .1 | ADM (Trusted administration) | 7 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .2 | IAU (Identification and authentication) | 8 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .3 | COM (Reliable communication channels) | 9 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .4 | ACT (Reliable Installation and upgrades) | 10 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .5 | AUD (Audit) | 10 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .6 | CIF (Cryptographic requirements) | 11 | | | |
| | 2.2 | .7 | FW (Firewall) | 13 | | | |
| 3 | Оре | erati | onal environment | 15 | | | |
| | 3.1 | Des | cription of the operational environment | 15 | | | |
| | 3.2 | Оре | erational environment assumptions | 15 | | | |
| 4 | Exe | cutiv | ve summary of the evaluation | 17 | | | |
| | 4.1 | Ver | sion 1.0 | 17 | | | |
| | 4.2 | Ver | sion 2.0 | 20 | | | |
| | 4.3 | Ver | sion 3.0 | 22 | | | |
| | 4.4 | Ver | sion 3.1 | 24 | | | |
| 5 | Ver | dict | of the evaluation | 25 | | | |
| 6 | TOI | E pre | paration and configuration | 26 | | | |
| | 6.1 | Eva | luation activities | 26 | | | |
| | 6.2 | Det | ailed configuration of the operational environment | 27 | | | |
| | 6.3 | Des | cription of the installation and configuration of the TOE | 27 | | | |
| | 6.3 | .1 | OPNSense installation | 27 | | | |
| | 6.3 | .2 | Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration | 38 | | | |
| | 6.3 | .3 | SSH cryptographic parameters configuration | 39 | | | |
| | 6.3.4 Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration | | | | | | |
| | 6.4 | Use | d installation options | 42 | | | |
| | 6.5 | 5.5 Results | | | | | |



| 7 | Conformity assessment | | | | |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|--|--|
| | 7.1 Documentation analysis | | | | |
| | 7.1 | 1.1 Evaluation activities | 43 | | |
| | 7.1 | 1.2 Results | 43 | | |
| | 7.2 | Functional tests | 45 | | |
| | 7.2 | 2.1 Evaluation activities | 45 | | |
| | 7.2 | 2.2 List of functional tests | 45 | | |
| | 7.2 | 2.3 Results | 50 | | |
| 8 | Vul | Ilnerability analysis | 51 | | |
| | 8.1 | Evaluation activities | 51 | | |
| | 8.2 | Methodology used for the analysis | 51 | | |
| | 8.3 TOE vulnerability analysis | | | | |
| | 8.4 | List of potential vulnerabilities | 52 | | |
| | 8.5 | Results | 53 | | |
| 9 | TOI | DE penetration tests | 54 | | |
| | 9.1 Evaluation activities | | | | |
| | 9.2 List of penetration tests | | | | |
| | 9.3 | Results | 57 | | |
| 10 |) Ref | ferences | 58 | | |
| | 10.1 | Developer Evidences | 58 | | |
| 1 | 1 Acr | ronyms | 59 | | |



1 INTRODUCTION

This document is the STIC Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) for the Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) for the TOE OPNsense Business Edition according to the method described in [CCN-STIC-2001] and [CCN-STIC-2002]. The results only affect the tested TOE, so they may not be representative of other manufacturer developments.

No part of this report may be reproduced without the express permission of the laboratory.

1.1 EVALUATION TECHNICAL REPORT INFORMATION

| ETR reference | STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-ETR-v3.1 |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| ETR version | 3.1 |
| Author or authors | DAT |
| Reviewer | JTG |
| Approved by | |
| | JTG |
| | |
| Start date of the works | 26/04/2023 |
| End date of the works | 12/07/2023 |
| CB dossier code | CUA-2022-46 |
| Laboratory project code | STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ |
| Type of evaluation | STIC |
| Product Taxonomy | Communications Protection/Firewall |
| Evaluation Laboratory holding the | jtsec Beyond IT Security SLU |
| accreditation | (ESB93551422) |
| Laboratory address | Avenida de la Constitución 20 |
| | Oficina 208. CP 18012 Granada, España. |
| Address where the work is done | Avenida de la Constitución 20 |
| | Oficina 208. CP 18012 Granada, España. |

1.2 TOE DEVELOPER INFORMATION

| Sponsor data | Deciso B.V |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Edison 43, 3241 LS Middelharnis, |
| | Netherlands. |
| Developer data | Deciso B.V |
| | Edison 43, 3241 LS Middelharnis, |
| | Netherlands. |
| Contact information of developer | Deciso B.V. |
| | project@opnsense.org |
| TOE name | OPNsense Business Edition |
| TOE version | 23.4 |
| Operating manuals of the product | [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] |
| | [DOC-74b13d1] |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 5/60



2 TOE DESCRIPTION

2.1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE TOE

OPNsense is an open-source, easy-to-use, and easy-to-build FreeBSD based firewall (stateful firewall) and routing platform. A stateful firewall is a firewall that keeps track of the state of network connections (such as TCP streams, UDP communication) traveling across it. The product offers a grouping of Firewall Rules by Category, an excellent feature for more demanding network setups. OPNsense includes most of the features available in commercial firewalls and more in many cases. It brings the rich feature set of commercial offerings with the benefits of open and verifiable sources.

The TOE, as any firewall, has the following basic security features:

- Protection against network traffic outside the network they protect by limiting incoming packets according to the policy applied.
- Access restriction to the outside network for elements of the internal network. Only those devices or users specified in the applied policy are allowed to leave.

The feature set of OPNsense includes high-end features. Those features are intended to make possible that an administrator role performs secure and centralized management and configuration of the product itself and administer the key functionalities for the security of the product and the network it protects. This will make possible the existence of only one type of role capable of performing this type of highly relevant tasks for the product and the network in which it is deployed.

The product also allows users to properly authenticate themselves before accessing the product's configuration through its interfaces, preventing the reading and modification of unauthorized personnel parameters. The product also permits the establishment of a password complexity policy to improve security in the authentication process.

The product offers the possibility of establishing secure communication channels by using SSH and HTTPS protocols so that only authorized entities can establish secure communication channels.

Moreover, the product allows performing a reliable installation and updating, protecting integrity and authenticity during the product's installation. The product also has several types of audit reports grouped according to the set of functionalities recorded. These records allow the detection and traceability of any event that occurs during the operation of the product.

Finally, the product allows the creation of rules providing the possibility of performing packet filtering according to the protocol used, the source network, and the destination network and allowing to decide what type of action to take for each rule. The product also records all the events that occur related to the rules created.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 6/60



2.2 INVENTORY OF SECURITY FUNCTIONS

2.2.1 ADM (TRUSTED ADMINISTRATION)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| ADM.1 | Yes |
| ADM.2 | Yes |
| ADM.3 | No |

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|---|---|
| ADM.1 | The product must at least define the role of administrator and be able to associate users with roles. | Verify that the TOE allows to differentiate between users with administrative privileges and users with no administrative privileges. |
| ADM.2 | The product must be able to manage the following functionalities: Administration of the product locally and remotely. Configuration of session termination time or blocking when inactivity is detected. Other product configuration parameters. | Verify that it is possible to configure session termination by inactivity time for the web interface and SSH console. Verify that it is possible to configure through the web interface: Protocols SSL Certificate SSL Ciphers TCP Port Alternate hostnames Listen interfaces HTTP Compression Verify that it is possible to configure parameters related to the SSH connection: Enable secure Shell |



| Login groupPermit root user login |
|--|
| Permit password loginSSH PortListen interfaces |

2.2.2 IAU (IDENTIFICATION AND AUTHENTICATION)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| IAU.1 | Yes |
| IAU.2 | No |
| IAU.3 | Yes |
| IAU.4 | Yes |
| IAU.5 | Yes |

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|--|---|
| IAU.1 | The product must identify and authenticate each user before allowing actions that modify the product's configuration. | Verify that the TOE does not allow to perform any action that modify its configuration to users that have been not identified and authenticated in the Web Interface. |
| IAU.3 | The product must protect against unauthorized reading and modification of authentication credentials. | Verify that the TOE does not allow an authenticated user without enough permissions to modify the credentials of another user. |
| IAU.4 | The product must have the ability to manage passwords: • The password must be configurable to a minimum length of 9 characters. | Verify that the TOE allows to set a password policy for password minimum length. Verify that the TOE does not allow to configure |

Uncontrolled copy if printed. 8/60





| | The password must be able to be composed of lower-case letters, upper case letters, numbers and special characters ["!", "@", "#", "\$","%", "^", "&", "*", "(", "]. | passwords that does not comply with complexity checks. Verify that the TOE admits the declared special characters ("!", "@", "#", "\$", "%", "%", "%", "*", "(", |
|-------|--|---|
| | | ")", "[", "]") in the user passwords. |
| IAU.5 | The product must block or log off a user after a certain period of inactivity. | Verify if the TOE block or log off a user after a certain period of inactivity. |

2.2.3 COM (RELIABLE COMMUNICATION CHANNELS)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| COM.1 | Yes |
| COM.2 | Yes |
| COM.3 | No |

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|---|---|
| COM.1 | Protection of information in transit. The TOE shall establish secure channels when exchanging sensitive information with authorized entities or between different parts of the product using functions, algorithms and protocols by following the [CCN-STIC-807] guide (e.g., HTTPS/TLS 1.2, TLS 1.2 or higher, IPSec, etc.). | Verify that the TOE establishes secure channels using: • SSH, via remote console • HTTPS, via web interface |
| COM.2 | The TOE must allow these secure communication channels to be initiated by itself or by authorized entities. | Verify that the TOE still uses secure channels when stablishes communications with different services in the network where it is running. |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 9/60



2.2.4 ACT (RELIABLE INSTALLATION AND UPGRADES)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| ACT.1 | Yes |
| ACT.2 | Yes |
| ACT.3 | Yes |
| ACT.4 | Yes |

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|---|--|
| ACT.1 | The product must offer the possibility to check the current version of the firmware/software. | Verify that the TOE allow to check the current version of the firmware/software. |
| ACT.2 | The product must provide mechanisms (according to the cryptography used in the ENS) through hashes or digital signature to authenticate the firmware/software updates before installing them. | Verify that TOE uses mechanisms to verify and authenticate updates before installing them in accordance to the cryptography agreed in the ENS. |
| ACT.3 | The update of the firmware/software will be allowed only to users with administrator role. | Verify that the TOE only allows administrators to perform an update. |
| ACT.4 | The product must offer the possibility to start updates manually and to check if there are new updates available. | Verify that the TOE allow to start updates manually and to check if there are new updates available. |

2.2.5 AUD (AUDIT)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| AUD.1 | Yes |
| AUD.2 | Yes |
| AUD.3 | Yes |
| AUD.4 | No |
| AUD.5 | No |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 10/60



Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], since [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|---|---|
| AUD.1 | The product must generate audit information at the beginning and termination of the audit functions and when any of the following events: a) Login and logout of registered users b) Change in user credentials c) Changes in the product configuration d) Events related to product functionality e) Generation, import, change or deletion of cryptographic keys | Verify that the TOE generate audit events when the mentioned actions are performed. |
| AUD.2 | The audit records shall contain at least the following information: date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event, user producing the event (if applicable). | Verify that the events logs generated by TOE when the listed actions are performed contains at least date and time of the event, type of event, result of the event and user producing the event. |
| AUD.3 | The following access policy shall apply to the audit records: a) Read: authorized users. b) Modification: no users. c) Delete: administrators. | Verify that administrative users can read the logs and delete them, but cannot modified them in the TOE. Verify that non-authorized users cannot read the logs from the TOE. |

2.2.6 CIF (CRYPTOGRAPHIC REQUIREMENTS)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|-------|----------|
| CIF.1 | Yes |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 11/60



Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| CIF.1 | All symmetric and asymmetric | Verify that the TOE uses |
| | encryption algorithms, key | agreed cryptographic |
| | agreement protocols and summary | mechanisms such as |
| | functions used by the product must | communication protocols, |
| | be within those accredited by the | cipher suites or summary |
| | CCN for use in the ENS. The list of | functions. |
| | these algorithms is included in the | |
| | [CCN-STIC-807] Cryptology for use in | To do so, the evaluator will |
| | the ENS (MEDIUM Category). | mainly inspect the |
| | | communication channels. |



2.2.7 FW (FIREWALL)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

| SFR | Retested |
|------|----------|
| FW.1 | Yes |
| FW.2 | Yes |
| FW.3 | Yes |
| FW.4 | No |
| FW.5 | No |
| FW.6 | No |
| FW.7 | Yes |
| FW.8 | No |

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, the following requirements are going to be tested:

| Requirement | Description | Objective |
|-------------|--|---|
| FW.1 | The product allows the definition of stateful traffic filtering rules using the following network protocol fields: 1. ICMPv4 2. Type 3. Code 4. ICMPv6 5. Type 6. Code 7. IPv4 8. Source address 9. Destination address 10. Transport Layer Protocol 11. IPv6 12. Source address 13. Destination address 14. Transport layer protocol 15. TCP 16. Source Port 17. Destination Port 18. UDP 19. Source Port 20. Destination Port | Verify that the TOE allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by the declared network protocols. |
| FW.2 | The product allows the following operations to be associated with stateful traffic filtering rules: permit | Verify that TOE allows the modification of the Action parameter (permit or |



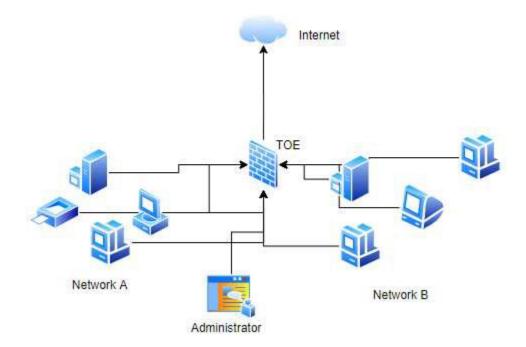
| | or drop with the capability to log the operation. | block) when defining a new firewall filtering rule with the capacity to log the operation. |
|------|--|---|
| FW.3 | The product allows the stateful traffic filtering rules to be assigned to each distinct network interface. | Verify that the TOE allows to assign firewall filtering rules to distinct network interfaces. |
| FW.7 | The product denies packet flow if a matching rule is not identified. | Verify that TOE denies packets by default. |



3 OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

The product is designed to run on a network to protect interconnections by allowing and/or limiting traffic to or from a network that is protected based on a set of rules established by an administrator. The TOE provides a Dashboard or graphical interface which offers a list of features to check the status of the product and the network quickly.



According to its features, the product is capable of being deployed according to the use cases described in the firewall taxonomy:

- Border device. The product is able to be deployed in an operational environment where protects a network from an external network, as the Internet.
- Network segmentation. The device is located in an area where it protects two internal networks from each other, i.e., it segments both networks and allows only authorized traffic to flow from one to the other.

3.2 OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT ASSUMPTIONS

This section contains the assumptions presented by the manufacturer. They are described below:

| Reference | Description | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| A.Physical Protection | The product must be installed in an area where access is | |
| | only possible for authorized personnel and under suitable environmental conditions. | |
| A.Limited functionality | The product must be used for network routing and filtering as its basic function and not provide any other | |





| | functionality, except for certain compatible | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| | communication protection-oriented ones. | | |
| A.Reliable Administration | The Administrator will be a trusted member and will look after getting the best security interests on behalf of the | | |
| | organization. It is therefore assumed that such an | | |
| | administrator is trained and free from any harmful | | |
| | intent in handling the product. The product will not be | | |
| | able to protect itself against and administrator user with | | |
| | bad intentions. | | |
| A.Periodic Updates | The product's firmware and software will be updated as | | |
| | updates that correct known vulnerabilities are released. | | |
| A.Credential Protection | All credentials, especially the administrator's | | |
| | credentials, must be properly protected by the | | |
| | organization who uses the product. | | |
| A.Security Policy | A security policy should reflect the set of principles, | | |
| | organization and procedures required by an | | |
| | organization to address its information security needs, | | |
| | included the use of ICT. | | |

16/60 jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed.



4 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF THE EVALUATION

4.1 **VERSION 1.0**

This is a STIC evaluation for the product OPNsense Business Edition 22.4. The evaluation has been carried out following the LINCE methodology to verify that the Business Edition of the previously evaluated and certified product still meets a series of requirements.

The previous evaluated version was the community edition and though the evaluated edition is the business edition and there are differences (showed in the table below), the security functions that are going to be evaluated are the same, since the additional functionality is not relevant. The main difference is that business edition is intended for companies, enterprises and professionals looking for a more stable upgrade path (this version lags 4 releases behind the community edition) and additional commercial features.

| Features | Community | Business |
|--|-----------|----------|
| | Edition | Edition |
| Stateful Firewall | ✓ | ✓ |
| Various authentication options | ✓ | ✓ |
| Two-Factor Authentication | ✓ | ✓ |
| Certificates (Let's encrypt) | ✓ | ✓ |
| Link Aggregation & Failover | ✓ | ✓ |
| Traffic Shaping | ✓ | ✓ |
| Multi WAN | ✓ | √ |
| Load Balancer | ✓ | ✓ |
| Intrusion Detection & Prevention | ✓ | ✓ |
| Captive Portal | ✓ | ✓ |
| VPN Services (Ipsec, OpenVPN, WireGuard) | ✓ | ✓ |
| High Availability | ✓ | ✓ |
| Virus scanner | ✓ | ✓ |
| Tested Updates (Business Edition Update Repository) | × | ✓ |
| Access to GeoIP database | × | √ |
| Access to the official OPNsense OVA image | × | ✓ |
| Business-Plugins (OPNcentral (in development)) | × | ✓ |
| Support of the active development with the license fee | × | √ |

Given that the Business Edition version 22.4 is based on the Community Edition 22.1.4 as mentioned by the manufacturer in https://docs.opnsense.org/releases/BE 22.4.html#april-26-2022. The changes introduced from the evaluated version of the Community Edition (21.7.1) to the version 22.1.4 have been examined in order to determine what security functionality could have been affected and, therefore, must be retested. This changelog is provided in the document [OPNSENSE-IAR-10].



Moreover, as a consequence of a further analysis requested by CPSTIC given the manufacturer's statement "This business release is based on the OPNsense 22.1.4 community version with additional reliability improvements.", the evaluator has requested the manufacturer more detail in relation to the aforementioned additional reliability improvements.

These additional reliability improvements are documented in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] and are described by the manufacturer as bug fixes and minor changes backported from superior versions (22.1.5 and 22.1.6) of the Community Edition 22.1.4 into the Business Edition version 22.4. Such improvements, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10], were analysed and are considered to not affect the requirements tested and declared in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16].

The changes between the versions, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10], were analysed by the evaluator, determining that, with the information given in the changelog, none of the requirements were considered affected by the changes. Given this, the evaluator has sampled the tests performed in the previous LINCE evaluation and has determined a set of tests to repeat for the Business edition. The section 2.2 Inventory of security functions delves deeper on the tests that are going to be carried out and they can be found in Annex B: Functional test plan and report.

Regarding this evaluation, after analyzing the scope of the tests and determining the requirements to retest, the installation of the TOE was carried following the manuals and taking into account the indications included in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16]) for the version of the product included in CPSTIC.

The installation was straightforward and flawless; therefore, no non-conformities were generated through this phase of the evaluation.

Apart from the installation procedure, in order to meet the cryptographic requirements, additional steps were followed in order to configure TLS cipher suites for the web interface, SSH cryptographic parameters and TLS cipher suites offered when connecting to a remote syslog server. These steps are documented in sections 6.3.2 Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration, 6.3.3 SSH cryptographic parameters configuration and 6.3.4 Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration.

Following with the evaluation, the set of functional tests was conducted revealing that [TOE-224] passes the set of tests determined. Given the results experienced, the evaluator has not required to perform additional functional testing effort as the behavior showed by [TOE-224] demonstrate a high level of confidence. As all the functional tests passed, no non-conformities were generated during this phase.

Leading the completion of the functional tests, it was proceeded to perform the analysis of the TOE vulnerabilities. The evaluator followed the type of vulnerabilities documented in the previous LINCE evaluation as the TOE is the same. Given the vulnerabilities, the evaluator selected a set of penetration tests carried out in the LINCE evaluation, alongside others considered adequate, conducting them to verify that the

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 18/60



product maintains the security warranties from the LINCE evaluation. These tests can be found in Annex D: Penetration test plan and report.

During this phase, only one test failed and a non-conformity was generated and reported to the manufacturer:

• [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-7010]: The evaluator identified an issue with the bootup procedure causing the transmission of packets without the application of the filtering rules defined in [TOE-224] during a temporal window. The root cause of this is that the network interfaces were configured and up before configuring the filtering rules.

This issue, labeled as OR01.NC01, was communicated to the manufacturer. A solution to this issue was provided which consists on a small change related to the file that defines the bootup sequence. This change is documented in section 6.3.5 Bootup Sequence Hardening.

Once the indications were provided by the manufacturer, the evaluator repeated the related test and verified that the solution was valid and working, closing the associated non-conformity OR01.NC01.

Therefore, since all the registered non-conformities were solved, the laboratory concludes the evaluation with the verdict PASS.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 19/60



4.2 **VERSION 2.0**

This is a STIC evaluation for the product OPNsense Business Edition 22.10. The evaluation has been carried out following the LINCE methodology to verify that the requirements evaluated in previous testing rounds are still met by the TOE, as part of a contiguous qualification procedure.

The approach to OPNsense Bussiness Edition 22.10 evaluation is the same as for OPNsense Bussiness Edition 22.4, which was tested in the previous testing round, determine a set of tests to perform and verify if the results still met the requirements. In this case, the coverage considered slightly differs from the last STIC evaluation with the objective to verify a different group of requirements that were not tested in the previous round.

The changes introduced from the latest evaluated version of the Business Edition (22.4) to the version 22.10 have been examined in order to determine what security functionality could have been affected and, therefore, must be retested. This changelog is provided in the document [OPNSENSE-IAR-20].

Moreover, as a consequence of the manufacturer's statement "This business release is based on the OPNsense 22.7.6 community version with additional reliability improvements.", the evaluator has requested the manufacturer more detail in relation to the aforementioned additional reliability improvements.

These additional reliability improvements are documented in [OPNSENSE-IAR-20] and are described by the manufacturer as bug fixes and minor changes backported into the Business Edition version 22.10. Such improvements, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-20], were analysed and are considered to not affect the requirements tested and declared in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16].

The changes between the versions, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-20], were analysed by the evaluator, determining that, with the information given in the changelog, none of the requirements were considered affected by the changes. Given this, and taking into account the tests performed in the previous STIC evaluation, the evaluator has determined a set of tests to repeat for OPNsense Business edition 22.10. The section 2.2 Inventory of security functions delves deeper on the tests that are going to be carried out and they can be found in Annex B: Functional test plan and report.

Regarding this evaluation, after analyzing the scope of the tests and determining the requirements to retest, the installation of the TOE was carried following the manuals and taking into account the indications included in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16]) for the version of the product included in CPSTIC.

The installation was straightforward and flawless; therefore, no non-conformities were generated through this phase of the evaluation.

Apart from the installation procedure, in order to meet the cryptographic requirements, additional steps were followed in order to configure TLS cipher suites for the web

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 20/60



interface, SSH cryptographic parameters and TLS cipher suites offered when connecting to a remote syslog server. These steps are documented in sections 6.3.2 Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration, 6.3.3 SSH cryptographic parameters configuration and 6.3.4 Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration.

Following with the evaluation, the set of functional tests was conducted revealing an issue related to the brute force protection for the GUI and SSH:

[STIC OPNSENSE CQ-TST-2020]/ [STIC OPNSENSE CQ-TST-2021]: The evaluator determined that the brute force protection was not working properly given behavior of [TOE-2210]. Firstly, performing the brute force attack was possible if the connection remained open as [TOE-2210] did not seem to be killing the state of such when limit failed connection the attempts Secondly, regarding SSH, the protection was not complete since only the username enumeration was protected, failed login attempts for registered users were not properly monitored. The authentication error generated when an existing user indicates a wrong password was not taken into account.

This issue is registered as OR02.NC01 and was communicated to the manufacturer. The developer response was quick and confirmed the finding, providing a solution for the issue. The change performed is present in the publicly-available Github repository (https://github.com/opnsense/core/commit/ae8e0ce4a4a2c0c96f6f561b85a59a0b71e ba828).

Given the results of the functional tests experienced, the evaluator has not required to perform additional functional testing effort as the behavior showed by [TOE-2210] demonstrate a high level of confidence.

Leading the completion of the functional tests, it was proceeded to perform the analysis of the TOE vulnerabilities. The evaluator followed the type of vulnerabilities documented in previous evaluations as the TOE is the same. Given the vulnerabilities, the evaluator selected a set of penetration tests to conduct, alongside others considered adequate. These tests can be found in Annex D: Penetration test plan and report.

Therefore, since all the registered non-conformities were solved, the laboratory concludes the evaluation with the verdict PASS.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 21/60



4.3 **VERSION 3.0**

This is a STIC evaluation for the product OPNsense Business Edition 23.4. The evaluation has been carried out following the LINCE methodology to verify that the requirements evaluated in previous testing rounds are still met by the TOE, as part of a contiguous qualification procedure.

The approach for OPNsense Bussiness Edition 23.4 evaluation is the same as the one adopted for previous rounds, determine a set of tests to perform and verify if the results still met the requirements. In this case, the coverage considered slightly differs from the last STIC evaluation with the objective to verify a different group of requirements that were not tested in the previous round.

In addition, the laboratory has developed a Python script (SRC-001_autosense.py) to automate the steps required to execute the tests considered for this testing round. The objective is to keep developing the script as future testing rounds are conducted so it reaches a point where all requirements are verified automatically in each round.

The changes introduced from the latest evaluated version of the Business Edition (22.10) to the version 23.4 have been examined in order to determine what security functionality could have been affected and, therefore, must be retested. This changelog is provided in the document [OPNSENSE-IAR-30].

Moreover, as a consequence of the manufacturer's statement "This business release is based on the OPNsense 23.1.5 community version with additional reliability improvements.", the evaluator has requested the manufacturer more detail in relation to the aforementioned additional reliability improvements.

These additional reliability improvements are documented in [OPNSENSE-IAR-30] and are described by the manufacturer as bug fixes and minor changes backported into the Business Edition version 23.4. Such improvements, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-30], were analysed and are considered to not affect the requirements tested and declared in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16].

The changes between the versions, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-30], were analysed by the evaluator, determining that, with the information given in the changelog, none of the requirements were considered affected by the changes. Given this, and taking into account the tests performed in the previous STIC evaluation, the evaluator has determined a set of tests to repeat for OPNsense Business edition 23.4. The section 2.2 Inventory of security functions delves deeper on the tests that are going to be carried out.

Regarding this evaluation, after analyzing the scope of the tests and determining the requirements to retest, the installation of the TOE was carried following the manuals and taking into account the indications included in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16]) for the version of the product included in CPSTIC.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 22/60



The installation was straightforward and flawless; therefore, no non-conformities were generated through this phase of the evaluation.

Apart from the installation procedure, in order to meet the cryptographic requirements, additional steps were followed in order to configure TLS cipher suites for the web interface, SSH cryptographic parameters and TLS cipher suites offered when connecting to a remote syslog server. These steps are documented in sections 6.3.2 Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration, 6.3.3 SSH cryptographic parameters configuration and 6.3.4 Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration.

Following with the evaluation, the set of functional tests was conducting making use of the script developed by the laboratory to carry out the pertinent verifications for the related requirements. Non-conformities were not detected in this phase of the evaluation.

Given the results of the functional tests experienced, the evaluator has not required to perform additional functional testing effort as the behavior showed by [TOE-234] demonstrate a high level of confidence.

Leading the completion of the functional tests, it was proceeded to perform the analysis of the TOE vulnerabilities. The evaluator followed the type of vulnerabilities documented in previous evaluations as the TOE is the same. Given the vulnerabilities, the evaluator selected a set of penetration tests to conduct, alongside others considered adequate. These tests can be found in Annex D: Penetration test plan and report. No non-conformities were revealed through the execution of the penetration tests.

Therefore, since all the registered non-conformities were solved, the laboratory concludes the evaluation with the verdict PASS.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 23/60



4.4 **VERSION 3.1**

After delivering version 3.0 of the ETR to CPSTIC, the laboratory received the validation report which included some items to be remedied.

As a consequence, some changes were performed in the present evaluation technical report. In summary, these are the following:

- SRC-001_autosense.py was replace with SRC-002_autosense.py. This is an enhanced version that corrects the issue indicated in the validation report for the version 3.0 of the present document.
- The evaluator has extended the information for each test in Annex B: Functional test plan and report according to the observation in the validation report.
- The description for [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3010] has been amended, providing a description according to the name of the vulnerability.

After the automated script was modified, the evaluator executed it and the results of the functional tests remained the same, all tests passed; therefore, no new nonconformities were generated.

Since there are not non-conformities with an OPEN state, the laboratory concludes the evaluation with the verdict PASS.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 24/60



5 VERDICT OF THE EVALUATION

After analyzing the results of the evaluation, the laboratory determines that the verdict is **PASS**.

The installation of the product does not reveal any non-conformity.

The documentation analysis does not reveal any non-conformity.

The functional tests do not reveal any non-conformity.

The vulnerability analysis does not reveal any non-conformity.

The penetration tests do not reveal any non-conformity.



6 TOE PREPARATION AND CONFIGURATION

| Documents used during installation | [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] [DOC-74b13d1] |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Evaluator | JEC |
| Days required | 1 day. |
| Results of the evaluator's work | PASS |

6.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

This section contains the evaluation activities defined in section 4.2 of [CCN-STIC-2002] as well as a brief description of the result of these tasks on the TOE and its documentation.

TE.2.1. The evaluator shall check that, according to the TOE operative and preparative guidance, it is possible to securely install the product using the configuration or configurations referenced in the Security Target.

PASS The evaluator has been able to install the product exclusively following the contents of the manufacturer's documentation, provided through [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] and [DOC-74b13d1].

TE.2.2. The evaluator shall check that the manufacturer has provided the testing platforms required to carry out the TOE evaluation activities.

PASS The manufacturer has provided the evaluator with a platform on which to develop the tests, as well as the necessary documentation to make use of it within the conditions of the evaluation.

TE.2.3. The evaluator shall register the relevant information to successfully install the TOE.

PASS The information necessary to carry out the complete installation of the product, under the same conditions as those used for this evaluation, can be found in the sections 6.2 Detailed configuration of the operational environment and 6.3 Description of the installation and configuration of the TOE.

TE.2.4. The evaluator shall register all system's configuration specific data when appropriate.

PASS The specific data used during the TOE preparation and configuration process is reflected in the section 6.4 Used installation options.

TE.2.5. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to the installation and configuration of the TOE or the test environment.



PASS No non-conformities were found regarding the installation process of the TOE and its documentation. The results are summarized in the section 6.5 Results.

6.2 DETAILED CONFIGURATION OF THE OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

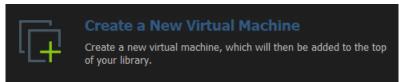
The test scenarios are described in section 12 Annex A: Test scenarios.

6.3 DESCRIPTION OF THE INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION OF THE TOE

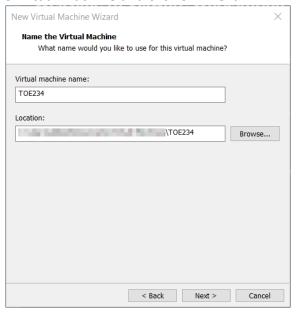
6.3.1 OPNSENSE INSTALLATION

To perform the installation, the steps needed are the following:

1. Open VMware and click on Create a new virtual machine.

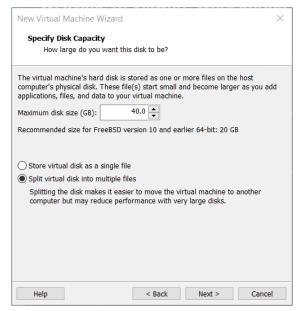


- 2. Select [TOE-ISO-234] and click on "Next".
- 3. Give a name to the virtual machine and click on "Next".

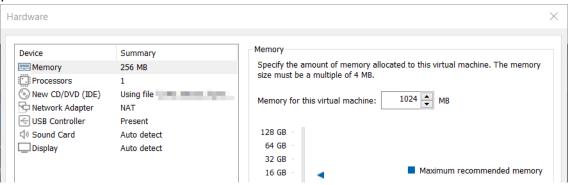


4. Set 40GB as disk size.

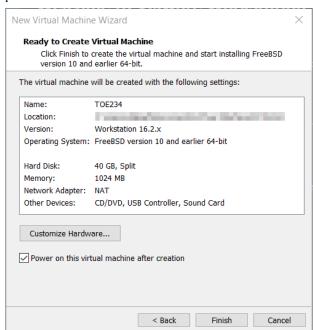




 Click on Customize Hardware → Memory and set 1GB of RAM memory. Then, press "Close".



6. Click on "Finish".



- 7. Wait for [TOE-234] to boot up.
- 8. In order to install [TOE-234], log in with the user "installer" and authenticate with the password "opnsense".

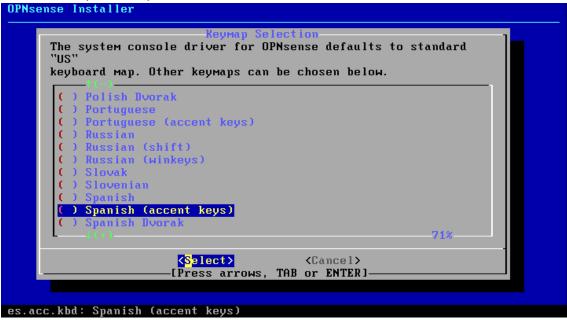
jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 28/60





```
>>> Invoking start script 'sysctl'
Service 'sysctl' has been restarted.
>>> Invoking start script 'beep'
Root file system: /dev/iso9660/OPNSENSE_INSTALL
Fri May 12 08:48:03 UTC 2023
*** OPNsense.localdomain: OPNsense 23.4 ***
  LAN (em0)
                                     -> v4: 192.168.1.1/24
  HTTPS: SHA256 97 38 D2 1B D6 B2 EA 03 B4 26 8B 1F 04 90 05 E4 C6 E6 EF 22 C7 39 FA 9B BF AA B0 77 74 99 42 F9
                 SHA256 JTNnOCCfUjIjnFIilIAVH8REMhI7NpB6EmzqtT63Y7g (ECDSA)
SHA256 +FJceoWFtgnPjz6wPVGcvtGYCCmBpG6NiDpDyvfPISk (ED25519)
SHA256 VgGz8F2ktaLJsMhFWvkhUr7fZsTDVDTemsjR7Ac2XX4 (RSA)
  SSH:
  SSH:
  SSH:
Welcome! OPNsense is running in live mode from install media. Please login as 'root' to continue in live mode, or as 'installer' to start the installation. Use the default or previously-imported root password for both accounts. Remote login via SSH is also enabled.
FreeBSD/amd64 (OPNsense.localdomain) (ttyv0)
login: installer
Password:
```

9. Select the keyboard layout.



10. Indicate "Continue with...".



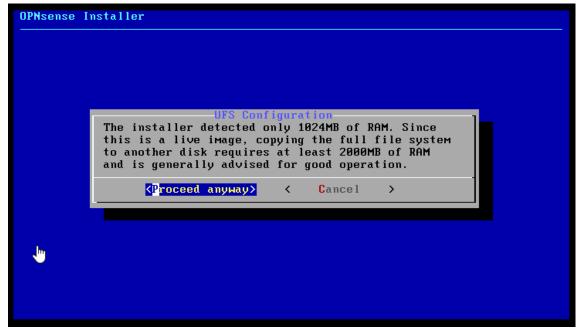


11. Select "Install (UFS)" and press Enter.



12. Select "Proceed anyway" and press Enter.



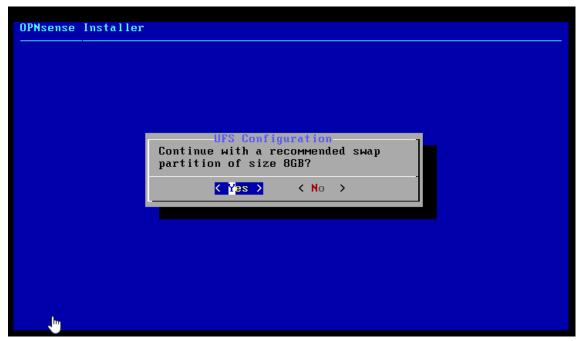


13. Select the 40GB virtual disk and press OK.



14. Select Yes and press Enter.





15. Select Yes and press Enter.



16. Select "Change root password" and press OK.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 32/60







17. Define a new password for the root user, the password shall be at least 10 characters long and have capital letters, numbers and special characters.



18. Select Exit and Press OK.

33/60 **jtsec Beyond IT Security SL** Uncontrolled copy if printed.





19. Wait for [TOE-234] to reboot and navigate to the web interface.

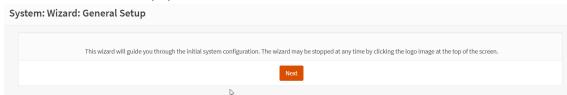
```
The installation finished successfully.

After reboot, open a web browser and navigate to https://192.168.1.1 (or the LAN IP address). The console can also be used to set a different LAN IP.

Your browser may report the HTTPS certificate as untrusted and ask you to accept it. This is normal, as the default certificate will be self-signed and cannot be validated by an external root authority.

Rebooting in 5 seconds. CTRL-C to abort...
```

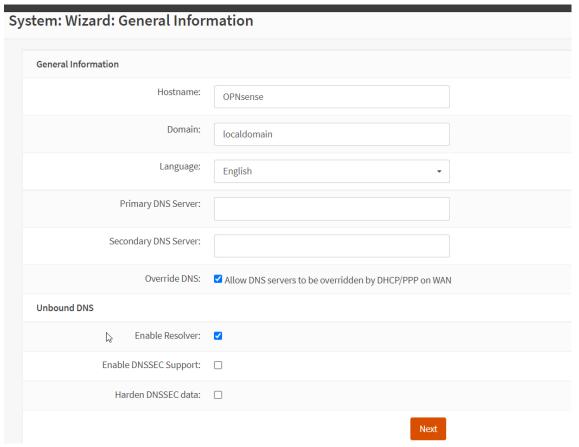
- 20. Log in with the root user credentials.
- 21. Follow the wizard setup, press Next.



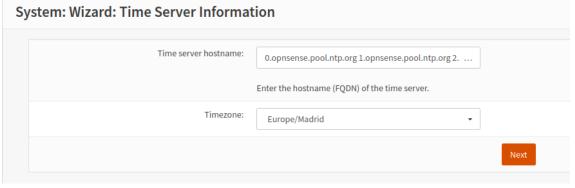
22. Give a hostname and a domain to the TOE and press Next.

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 34/60





23. Set NTP servers and the time zone. In this case the NTP servers configured are the ones offered by default. Press Next.



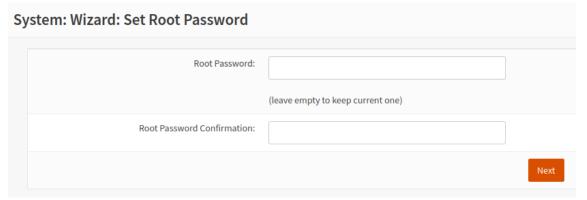
- 24. Do not configure any field in "Configure WAN interface".
- 25. In "Configure LAN interface" check that the IP address and the subnet mask are the same as configured in previous steps. Press Next.



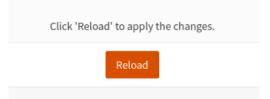
jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 35/60



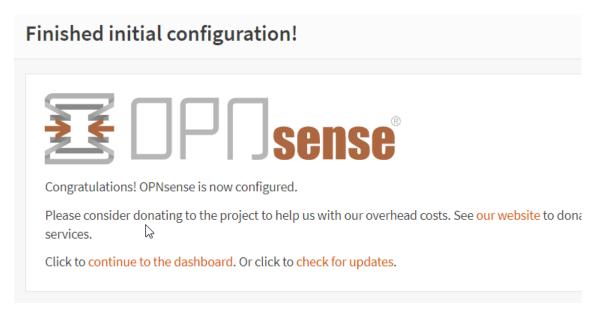
26. Set a new root password if it was not changed before.



27. Click on reload to apply the changes.

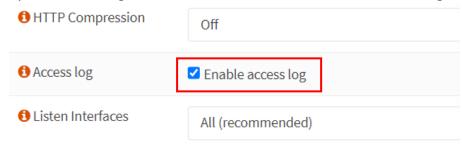


28. [TOE-234] is now configured and ready, click to the dashboard.



After installing the TOE, given the indications in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], the following steps are required through the web interface:

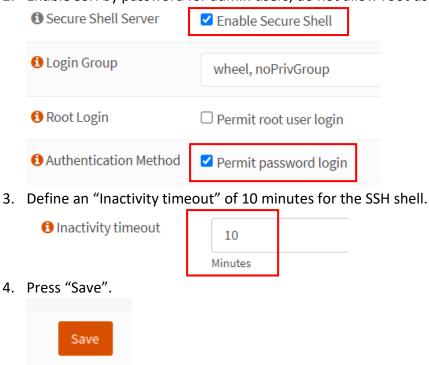
1. Enable the access log parameter in the Settings menu. In the left panel go to System → Settings → Administration and select "enable access log".



jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 36/60



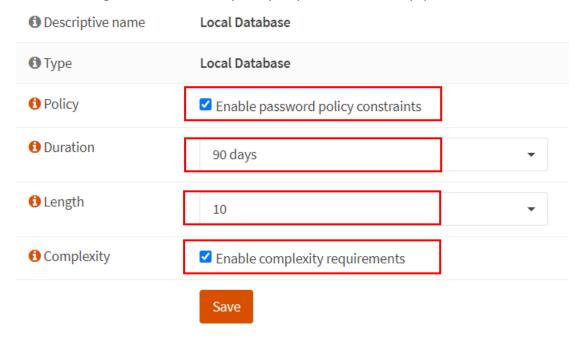
2. Enable SSH by password for admin users, do not allow root user login.



- 5. Define a password policy. In the left panel, go to System \rightarrow Access \rightarrow Servers.
- 6. Press the edit button.



7. Enable "Password policy constraints". Then, add a duration for passwords, the minimum length and enable complexity requirements. Finally, press "Save".

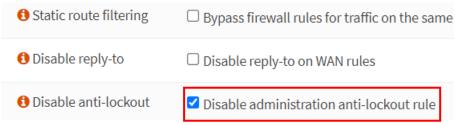


To protect the TOE against DoS attacks, log in into [TOE-234] through the web interface and follow the next steps:

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 37/60



Go to Firewall → Settings → Advanced and mark the "Disable anti-lockout" option.



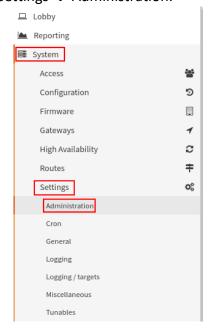
- 2. Go to Firewall → Rules → LAN and create a new rule for allowing a maximum of 100 simultaneous connections to the Firewall administration web page.
- 3. Create another with the same parameters, but only allowing <IP-UBUNTU> as source address.
- 4. Select both rules in the top and click on "Apply changes".

Finally, it is recommended to install a digital certificate signed by a trusted CA. However, a self-signed certificate generated by [TOE-234] itself is used in this evaluation, as it does not imply a degradation in the quality level at the functionality or testing of [TOE-234]. This matter is taken into account by the evaluator when conducting the testing.

6.3.2 WEB INTERFACE TLS CIPHER SUITES CONFIGURATION

In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cipher suites for TLS through the web interface. This configuration affects the web portal used to manage and administrate [TOE-234]. The steps below are followed:

- 1. Log in through the web interface for [TOE-234] with the root user.
- 2. Navigate to System → Settings → Administration.

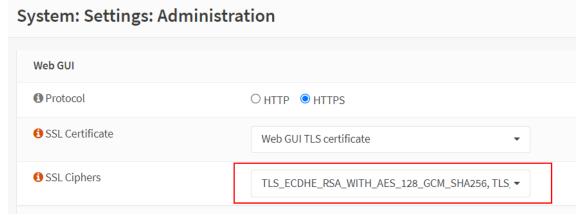


jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 38/60



3. In the Web GUI section, use the dropdown menu for "SSL Ciphers" to select valid cipher suites.

TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256



4. Scroll down and click Save.

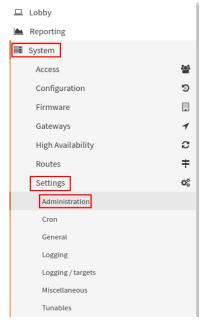


6.3.3 SSH CRYPTOGRAPHIC PARAMETERS CONFIGURATION

In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cryptographic parameters for SSH through the web interface. This configuration affects the SSH connections that users establish with [TOE-234]. The steps below are followed:

- 1. Log in through the web interface for [TOE-234] with the root user.
- 2. Navigate to System → Settings → Administration.

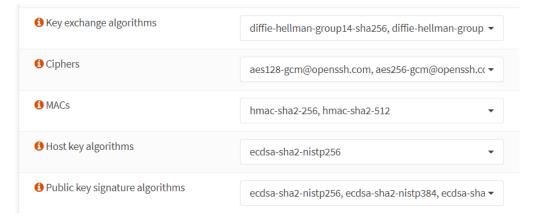




- 3. In the Secure Shell section, use the dropdown menu for "Key exchange algorithms", "Ciphers", "MACs" and "Public key signature algorithms" to select valid cryptographic parameters.
 - a. Key exchange algorithms:
 - i. diffie-hellman-group14-sha256
 - ii. diffie-hellman-group16-sha512
 - iii. diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
 - iv. ecdh-sha2-nistp256
 - v. ecdh-sha2-nistp384
 - vi. ecdh-sha2-nistp521
 - b. Ciphers:
 - i. aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 - ii. aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 - c. MACs:
 - i. hmac-sha2-256
 - ii. hmac-sha2-512
 - d. Public key signature algorithms:
 - i. ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
 - ii. ecdsa-sha2-nistp385
 - iii. ecdsa-sha2-nistp521
 - e. Host key algorithms:
 - i. ecdsa-sha2-nistp256

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 40/60





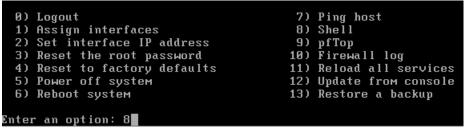
4. Scroll down and click Save.



6.3.4 SYSLOG CLIENT TLS CIPHER SUITES CONFIGURATION

In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cipher suites through the local command line interface. This configuration affects the TLS connections when [TOE-234] communicates with a remote syslog server. The steps below are followed:

1. Log in through the local command line for [TOE-234] and select the Shell option.



- 3. In the network parameters, inside the TLS parameters, add the following lines: ssl-options(no-sslv2, no-sslv3, no-tlsv1, no-tlsv11) cipher-suite("ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:TLS AES 128 GCM SHA256:TLS AES 128 GCM SHA256:TLS C

HACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-CCM:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-CCM")



4. Save the file.

6.4 USED INSTALLATION OPTIONS

The selection of different installation options in order to achieve the secure configuration was not considered or required.

6.5 RESULTS

| ID | Non-conformity | State |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |

| 1 | D | Comments | State |
|---|-----|----------|-------|
| N | I/A | None. | N/A |

Uncontrolled copy if printed. 42/60



7 CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT

7.1 DOCUMENTATION ANALYSIS

| Documents analyzed | [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] [DOC-74b13d1] |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Evaluator | JEC |
| Days required | 1 days. |
| Results of the evaluator's work | PASS |

7.1.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the requirements of the standard, in section 4.3 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with respect to the evaluation activities on documentation analysis.

TE.3.1. The evaluator shall list the analyzed documents.

PASS The list of analyzed documents is presented in the row *Documents analyzed* of the table in the 7.1 *Documentation analysis*.

TE.3.2. The evaluator shall check that the provided information meets the requirements related to content and presentation (section 3 of [CCN-STIC-2002]), providing a verdict about its completeness and legibility. If there is a big a volume of information to be reviewed, the evaluator may, after notifying the Certification Body, implement a sampling strategy in accordance to the following priorities:

- The Security Target provided by the manufacturer;
- TOE preparative and operative guidance;

PASS The documentation provided by the manufacturer complies with section 3 of [CCN-STIC-2002].

TE.3.3. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to any deviation of the evaluated documentation.

PASS The results of the analysis of the documentation provided by the manufacturer are reflected in the section 7.1.2 *Results*.

7.1.2 RESULTS

| ID | Non-conformity | State |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 43/60





| ID | Comments | State |
|-----|----------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |



7.2 FUNCTIONAL TESTS

| Evaluator | JEC |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Days required | 1 day. |
| Results of the evaluator's | PASS |
| work | |

7.2.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the evaluation activities specified in section 4.4 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to functional testing of the TOE.

TE.4.1. The evaluator shall check and test the product's security functions and mechanisms to a level of detail that allows checking that the declared security functionality has been correctly implemented in the product. If the tests are not complete, the evaluator shall provide a rationale regarding the used sampling strategy.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 7.2.2 List of functional tests. This information is presented in more detail in the section 13 Annex B: Functional test plan and report.

TE.4.2. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to any test performed.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 7.2.3 Results.

7.2.2 LIST OF FUNCTIONAL TESTS

The evaluator has sampled the tests performed in the previous LINCE evaluation and has determined a set of tests to repeat for the Business edition.

| Security functionality | Test identifier | Objective of the test | Verdict |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---------|
| SF. Trusted administration ADM.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-1000] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to differentiate between users with administrative privileges and users with no administrative privileges. | PASS |
| SF. Trusted administration ADM.2 SF. Identification and authentication | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-1100] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to set a session termination by inactivity time in the Web Interface. | PASS |





| IAU.5 | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|------|
| SF. Trusted administration ADM.2 SF. Identification and authentication IAU.5 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1101] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to set a session termination by inactivity time in the SSH server | PASS |
| SF. Trusted administration ADM.2 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1102] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to configure the following parameters in the Web Interface: • Protocols • SSL Certificate • SSL Ciphers • TCP Port • Alternate Hostnames • Listen Interfaces • HTTP Compression | PASS |
| SF. Trusted administration ADM.2 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1103] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to configure the following parameters for SSH server: • Enable secure shell • Login group • Permit root user login • Permit password login • SSH Port • Listen interfaces | PASS |
| SF. Identification and authentication IAU.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2000] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow to perform any action that modify its configuration to users that have been not identified and authenticated in the Web Interface. | PASS |
| SF. Identification and authentication IAU.3 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2200] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow an authenticated user without enough permissions to modify | PASS |

46/60 Uncontrolled copy if printed. jtsec Beyond IT Security SL



| | | the credentials of another user. | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|------|
| SF. Identification and authentication IAU.4 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-2300] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to set a password policy for password minimum length of at least 9 characters. | PASS |
| SF. Identification and authentication IAU.4 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-2301] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow to configure passwords that does not comply with complexity checks. | PASS |
| SF. Identification and authentication IAU.4 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2302] | Verify that [TOE-234] admits the declared special characters ("!", "@", "#", "\$", "%", "&", "\", "", "[", "]") in the user passwords. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels COM.1 COM.2 SF. Cryptographic requirements CIF.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-3000] | Verify that [TOE-234] establishes a secure channel via SSH when exchanging information with authorized users in console using functions, mechanisms and protocols that are in accordance with [CCN-STIC-807]. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels COM.1 COM.2 SF. Cryptographic requirements CIF.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-3001] | Verify that [TOE-234] establishes a secure channel via TLSv1.2 or higher when exchanging information with the administrative user using functions, mechanisms and protocols that are in accordance with [CCN-STIC-807]. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable installation and upgrades ACT.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-4000] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to check its current version of the firmware/software. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable installation and upgrades ACT.2 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-4100] | Verify that [TOE-234] uses mechanisms to verify and authenticate updates before installing them in accordance to | PASS |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 47/60



| | | | the cryptography agreed in the ENS | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|------|
| SF. installation upgrades ACT.3 ACT.4 | Reliable and | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-4200] | Verify that [TOE-234] only allows administrators to perform an update. | PASS |
| SF. installation upgrades ACT.4 | Reliable and | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-4300] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to start updates manually and to check if there are new updates available. | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.1 AUD.2 | | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5000] | Verify that [TOE-234] generates audit data for login and logout of registered users and contains at least date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event and user producing the event. | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.1 AUD.2 | | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5001] | Verify that [TOE-234] generates audit data when the user credentials are modified and contains at least date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event and user producing the event. | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.1 AUD.2 | | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5002] | Verify that [TOE-234] generates audit data when the configuration is modified and contains at least date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event and user producing the event. | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.1 AUD.2 | | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-5003] | Verify that the [TOE-2304] generates audit data for generation, import, change or deletion of cryptographic keys and contains at least | PASS |

Uncontrolled copy if printed. 48/60



| | | date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event and user producing the event. | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------|
| SF. Audit AUD.1 AUD.2 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5004] | Verify that [TOE-234] generates audit data for events related to product functionality and contains at least date and time of the event, type of event identified, result of the event and user producing the event | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.3 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-5200] | Verify that administrative users can read the logs and delete them, but cannot modified them in [TOE-234]. | PASS |
| SF. Audit AUD.3 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5201] | Verify that non-authorized users cannot read the logs from [TOE-234]. | PASS |
| SF. Firewall FW.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-7000] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by network protocols (TCP/UDP). | PASS |
| SF. Firewall FW.1 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-7001] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by network protocols (ICMPv4/ICMPv6). | PASS |
| SF. Firewall FW.2 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-7100] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows the modification of the Action parameter (permit or block) when defining a new firewall filtering rule with the capacity to log the operation. | PASS |
| SF. Firewall FW.3 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-7200] | Verify that [TOE-234] allows to assign firewall | PASS |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 49/60



| | | filtering rules to distinct network interfaces. | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|------|
| SF. Firewall FW.7 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-7600] | Verify that TOE denies packets by default. | PASS |

7.2.3 RESULTS

| ID | Non-conformity | State |
|-----------|--|--------|
| OR02.NC01 | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2020] | CLOSED |
| | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2021] | |
| | [TOE-234] is not properly providing brute force protection. It | |
| | seems that [TOE-234] is not killing the current state when the | |
| | maximum limit of attempts is reached by the same connection. | |
| | Moreover, SSH login protection seems insufficient as the lockout is only working if the username is also being brute | |
| | forced. Password failed login attempts for an existing user | |
| | does seem to be properly monitored. | |
| | The developer implemented changes in the lockout handler and the protection is now being provided as expected. | |

| ID | Comments | State |
|-----|----------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 50/60



8 VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

| Evaluator | JEC |
|----------------------------|---------|
| Days required | 2 days. |
| Results of the evaluator's | PASS |
| work | |

8.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the Evaluation activities specified in section 4.5 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to the analysis of vulnerabilities present in the TOE.

TE.5.1. The evaluator shall perform a methodic vulnerability analysis by using any means within their technical competence.

PASS The TOE vulnerability analysis is described in the 8.3 TOE vulnerability del TOE. The result of this analysis is detailed in the section

TE.5.2 The evaluator shall document the devised vulnerability analysis methodology.

PASS The method followed to carry out the vulnerability analysis is described in the section 8.2 Methodology used for the analysis.

TE.5.3. The evaluator shall document every identified potential vulnerability applicable to the TOE scope.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 8.4 List of potential vulnerabilities.

This information is described in more detail in the section 14 Annex C: Vulnerability analysis.

TE.5.4. The evaluator shall compute the attack potential for every potential vulnerability in accordance to the punctuation system presented in the section 4.5.1 of [CCN-STIC-2002].

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 8.4 List of potential vulnerabilities.

This information is described in more detail in the section 14 Annex C: Vulnerability analysis..

8.2 METHODOLOGY USED FOR THE ANALYSIS

The methodology used follows the spirit of the Common Criteria [CC] methodology for vulnerability analysis [CEM].



Firstly, a survey of the TOE information available has been carried out to identify potential vulnerabilities that can be exploited by an attacker with low attack potential.

An extensive analysis of the state of the art regarding the different vectors of attack on TOE-like tools has been carried out from different points of view. Based on the results of these tools and the analysis of the most common weaknesses of this type of tools, the vulnerabilities of the TOE have been identified.

Next, an assessment and analysis of the vulnerabilities found has been made by performing tests that provide more information on the vulnerabilities and give rise to more sophisticated attacks.

In a third step, penetration tests have been carried out based on the vulnerabilities found to check the degree of exploitability of the vulnerabilities.

Finally, comprehensive and more complex penetration tests on the exploitable vulnerabilities present in the TOE have been developed as proofs of concept to illustrate the possibilities of an attacker exploiting these vulnerabilities.

To calculate the distribution of the time dedicated to each vulnerability, it has been done taking into account the degree of difficulty to be exploited, as well as the severity for the integrity of the TOE that a successful attack would entail.

8.3 TOE VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

The vulnerability analysis process involves checking all security features declared in the TOE, identifying potential TOE vulnerabilities.

The analysis process continues with the clear definition of the context of vulnerability to serve as a basis for understanding its severity and subsequent consideration. On the basis of this information, the different routes of attack on the vulnerable element are established, which, if appropriate, will be tested for penetration later.

The tools used in the identification of the vulnerabilities present in the TOE are developed from information present in the TOE are developed from public information always under the requirements of time and effort marked by the methodology and developing small scripts from public information and based on the functional tests performed in the previous stage.

8.4 LIST OF POTENTIAL VULNERABILITIES

| Code | Resistance level |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1020] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1030] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1050] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1060] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1120] | BASIC |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 52/60



| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1130] | BASIC |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-2010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-2030] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-2040] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3020] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3030] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-4010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-5010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-6010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-7010] | BASIC |
| [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-8010] | BASIC |

8.5 RESULTS

| ID | Non-conformity | State |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |

| ID | Comments | State |
|-----|----------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |

Uncontrolled copy if printed. 53/60



9 TOE PENETRATION TESTS

This section presents a summary of the tests carried out and the results obtained.

| Evaluator | JEC |
|----------------------------|---------|
| Days required | 2 days. |
| Results of the evaluator's | PASS |
| work | |

9.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the evaluation activities specified in section 4.6 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to the TOE penetration tests.

TE.6.1. The evaluator shall provide a list with all the penetration tests performed on the TOE including, at least, the required steps to reproduce each test, the expected result, the actual result and whether the attack is successful or not.

PASS The list of penetration tests performed can be found summarized in the section 9.2 List of penetration tests and described in more detail and with the information indicating the evaluator's task in the section 15 Annex D: Penetration test plan and report.

TE.6.2. The evaluator shall document all non-conformities related to any successful attack.

PASS The results of the penetration tests are collected on the basis of the non-conformities and comments in the section *9.3 Results*.

9.2 LIST OF PENETRATION TESTS

Penetration tests are performed from the perspective of a potential attacker and, based on the vulnerabilities found in the TOE, aim to cover the most relevant and promising attack vectors.

Time constraints mean that the methodology used in penetration testing is focused on determining whether the objective established in each test is feasible, thus determining the severity of the identified vulnerabilities.

Some tests were not identified during the preliminary vulnerability analysis and are the result of the creativity of the evaluator, who looks for new possible attacks in an exploratory way based on the knowledge gained during the tests.

For these tests it will be necessary to create an applicable vulnerability and calculate the attack potential.

The PASS/FAIL criteria for establishing the result of the penetration tests will be that if a FAIL penetration test is performed because the TOE does not behave safely according



to the security functionality and assets declared by the manufacturer in his Security Target. For those penetration tests whose objective is not directly the violation of the security properties of the TOE but rather the collection of information for further testing or that by their characteristics do not violate any asset or contradict the security functionality declared by the manufacturer in an evident way, the verdict will be assigned to PASS.

In those cases where the TOE presents vulnerabilities that are not exploitable in the operational environment of the TOE, either because of the action of the environmental hypotheses or because the time or capabilities required to exploit them exceed the time and effort restrictions of this certification, a PASS result will be established and the verdict of the PASS will be justified, creating a comment that will allow the manufacturer to improve the security of the product if he so wishes.

| Security function | Test code | Objective | Result |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------|
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1010] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow non-privileged users to perform privileged users' actions with specified URLs. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-1020] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow to gain access to the management interfaces with the default credentials. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1030] | Verify that the [TOE-234] is not vulnerable to SQL injection. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-1050] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow user enumeration by Web Interface messages. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1060] | Verify that the [TOE-234] is not vulnerable to directory traversal. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-1120] | Verify that the user root is not allowed to manage the [TOE-234] via SSH. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1130] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow non-privileged user to access through SSH. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Administration | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-2010] | Verify that the [TOE-234] does not allow bypassing of password policies. | PASS |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 55/60



| SF. Identification and authentication | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-2030] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not store password in plain-text. | PASS |
|---|--------------------------------|---|------|
| SF. Identification and authentication | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-2040] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow an attacker to block the root account by brute-force in the Web Interface. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3010] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow to downgrade HTTPS to HTTP. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable Communications channels | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-3020] | Verify that the [TOE-234] does not allow to establish a SSH connection with insecure SSH versions. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3030] | Verify if [TOE-234] authenticates the external syslog server. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3032] | Verify if it is possible to exploit a XSS vulnerability by indicating the payload in the fields from a certificate of a remote syslog server. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels SF. Cryptographic requirements | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3033] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow to use TLS versions lower than TLSv1.2 in the communication with an external syslog server. | PASS |
| SF. Reliable communication channels SF. Reliable installation and upgrades | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-4010] | Verify if an attacker is able to spoof the update server when [TOE-234] is checking for updates. | PASS |
| SF. Audit | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-5010] | Verify that it is not possible to inject fake audit events in the [TOE-234] log file or modify it. | PASS |
| SF. Firewall | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-7010] | Verify that [TOE-234] correctly applies filtering rules on boot. | PASS |
| SF. Firewall | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-7012] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not allow rule bypassing | PASS |

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 56/60



| | | when packets are fragmented. | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|------|
| All security functions | [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-8010] | Verify that [TOE-234] does not present exploitable vulnerabilities identified performing a scan with the tool Nessus. | PASS |

9.3 RESULTS

| ID | Non-conformity | State |
|-----|----------------|-------|
| N/A | None | N/A |

| ID | Comments | State |
|-----|----------|-------|
| N/A | None. | N/A |





10 REFERENCES

[CC] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security

Evaluation.

The last approved version must be considered which is published in the website of the Certification Body.

(https://oc.ccn.cni.es).

[CCN-STIC-2001] Definition of the National Essential Security Certification

(LINCE), version 0.1. January 2020.

[CCN-STIC-2002] Evaluation Methodology for the National Essential

Security Certification (LINCE), version 0.1. January 2020

[CCN-STIC-2003] Template for the Security Target of the National

Essential Security Certification (LINCE), version 0.1.

January 2020

[CCN-STIC-807] Use of cryptology within the National Security Scheme

(Esquema Nacional de Seguridad). Mayo 2022.

[CEM] Common Methodology for Information Technology

Security Evaluation: Evaluation Methodology.

The last approved version must be considered which is published in the website of the Certification Body.

(https://oc.ccn.cni.es).

[OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] LINCE Security Target v1.6.

[OPNSENSE-IAR-10] Impact analysis report v1.0 for [TOE-224].

[OPNSENSE-IAR-20] Impact analysis report v2.0 for [TOE-2210].

[OPNSENSE-IAR-30] Impact analysis report v2.0 for [TOE-234].

[listado_de_evidencias] List of evidence in which are included the reference,

title, version, path and SHA-256 hash of the different evidence provided by the manufacturer for the

evaluation.

10.1 DEVELOPER EVIDENCES

The applicable developer evidence is listed in the latest version of the attached document [listado_de_evidencias].

jtsec Beyond IT Security SL Uncontrolled copy if printed. 58/60





11 ACRONYMS

CBS Basic Security Certification

CCN Centro Criptológico Nacional

CNI Centro Nacional de Inteligencia

ENS Esquema Nacional de Seguridad

LINCE National Essential Security Certification

MCF Source Code Module

MEC Cryptographic Evaluation Module

TIC Information and Communications Technology

TOE Target Of Evaluation

LAN Local Area Network

WAN Wide Area Network

IP Internet Protocol

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

UDP User Datagram Protocol

ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol

TLS Transport Layer Security

SSH Secure Shell

UFS Unix File System

NTP Network Time Protocol

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTTPS Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

DoS Denial of Service

CA Certification Authority

GUI Graphical User Interface

CLI Command Line Interface



SSL Secure Sockets Layer

MAC Message Authentication Code