



CHANGELOG

Version	Date	Author	Reason	Changes
0.1	08/06/2022	DHA	First version	Creation of the document
0.2	09/06/2022	DAT	Comments by CPSTIC	Added additional information related to the differences between Community and Business Edition.
1.0	28/07/2022	DAT	Performed pertinent testing effort	Added sections 4 to 11. Added annexes A, B, C, D.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	In	ntrodu	ction	5
	1.1	Eva	luation Technical Report information	5
	1.2	TOE	developer information	5
2	T	OE des	scription	7
	2.1	Fun	ctional description of the TOE	7
	2.2	Inve	entory of security functions	8
	2.	.2.1	ADM (Reliable installation)	8
	2.	.2.2	IAU (Identification and authentication)	9
	2.	.2.3	COM (Reliable communication channels)	9
	2.	.2.4	ACT (Reliable Installation and upgrades)	10
	2.	.2.5	AUD (Audit)	10
	2.	.2.6	CIF (Cryptographic requirements)	11
	2.	.2.7	FW (Firewall)	12
3	O	perati	onal environment	13
	3.1	Des	cription of the operational environment	13
	3.2	Оре	erational environment assumptions	14
4	Ex	xecuti	ve summary of the evaluation	15
5	V	erdict	of the evaluation	18
6	T	OE pre	paration and configuration	19
	6.1	Eva	luation activities	19
	6.2	Det	ailed configuration of the operational environment	20
	6.3	Des	cription of the installation and configuration of the TOE	20
	6.	.3.1	OPNSense installation	20
	6.	.3.2	Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration	31
	6.	.3.3	SSH cryptographic parameters configuration	32
	6.	.3.4	Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration	34
	6.	.3.5	Bootup sequence hardening	35
	6.4	Use	d installation options	35
	6.5	Res	ults	36
7	C	onforr	nity assessment	37
	7.1	Dod	cumentation analysis	37
	7.	.1.1	Evaluation activities	37



	7.1	.2	Results	. 37
	7.2	Fun	ctional tests	. 39
	7.2	.1	Evaluation activities	. 39
	7.2	.2	List of functional tests	. 39
	7.2	.3	Results	. 42
8	Vu	lnera	bility analysis	. 43
	8.1	Eval	luation activities	. 43
	8.2	Met	thodology used for the analysis	. 43
	8.3	TOE	vulnerability analysis	. 44
	8.4	List	of potential vulnerabilities	. 44
	8.5	Res	ults	. 45
9	ТО	E per	netration tests	. 46
	9.1	Eva	luation activities	. 46
	9.2	List	of penetration tests	. 46
	9.3	Res	ults	. 48
10) Ref	feren	ces	. 50
	10.1	D	eveloper Evidences	. 50
1.	1 10.			г1



1 INTRODUCTION

This document is the National Essential Security Certification (LINCE) Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) for the TOE OPNsense Business Edition according to the method described in [CCN-STIC-2001] and [CCN-STIC-2002]. The results only affect the tested TOE, so they may not be representative of other manufacturer developments.

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1.1 EVALUATION TECHNICAL REPORT INFORMATION

ETR reference	STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-ETR-v1.0
ETR version	1.0
Author or authors	DAT
	DHA
Reviewer	JTG
Approved by	
	JTG
Start date of the works	21/06/2022
End date of the works	28/07/2022
CB dossier code	CUA-2022-46
Laboratory project code	STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ
Type of evaluation	STIC
Product Taxonomy	Communications Protection/Firewall
Evaluation Laboratory holding the	jtsec Beyond IT Security SL
accreditation	
Laboratory address	Avenida de la Constitución 20
	Oficina 208. CP 18012 Granada, España.
Address where the work is done	Avenida de la Constitución 20
	Oficina 208. CP 18012 Granada, España.

1.2 TOE DEVELOPER INFORMATION

Sponsor data	Deciso B.V	
	Edison 43, 3241 LS Middelharnis,	
	Netherlands.	
Developer data	Deciso B.V	
	Edison 43, 3241 LS Middelharnis,	
	Netherlands.	
Contact information of developer	Deciso B.V.	
	project@opnsense.org	



TOE name	OPNsense Business Edition
TOE version	22.4
Operating manuals of the product	[OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16]
	[DOC-998ad2a]



2 TOE DESCRIPTION

2.1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE TOE

OPNsense is an open-source, easy-to-use, and easy-to-build FreeBSD based firewall (stateful firewall) and routing platform. A stateful firewall is a firewall that keeps track of the state of network connections (such as TCP streams, UDP communication) traveling across it. The product offers a grouping of Firewall Rules by Category, an excellent feature for more demanding network setups. OPNsense includes most of the features available in commercial firewalls and more in many cases. It brings the rich feature set of commercial offerings with the benefits of open and verifiable sources.

The TOE, as any firewall, has the following basic security features:

- Protection against network traffic outside the network they protect by limiting incoming packets according to the policy applied.
- Access restriction to the outside network for elements of the internal network. Only those devices or users specified in the applied policy are allowed to leave.

The feature set of OPNsense includes high-end features. Those features are intended to make possible that an administrator role performs secure and centralized management and configuration of the product itself and administer the key functionalities for the security of the product and the network it protects. This will make possible the existence of only one type of role capable of performing this type of highly relevant tasks for the product and the network in which it is deployed.

The product also allows users to properly authenticate themselves before accessing the product's configuration through its interfaces, preventing the reading and modification of unauthorized personnel parameters. The product also permits the establishment of a password complexity policy to improve security in the authentication process.

The product offers the possibility of establishing secure communication channels by using SSH and HTTPS protocols so that only authorized entities can establish secure communication channels.

Moreover, the product allows performing a reliable installation and updating, protecting integrity and authenticity during the product's installation. The product also has several types of audit reports grouped according to the set of functionalities recorded. These records allow the detection and traceability of any event that occurs during the operation of the product.

Finally, the product allows the creation of rules providing the possibility of performing packet filtering according to the protocol used, the source network, and the destination network and allowing to decide what type of action to take for each rule. The product also records all the events that occur related to the rules created.

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2.2 INVENTORY OF SECURITY FUNCTIONS

2.2.1 ADM (RELIABLE INSTALLATION)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

SFR	Retested
ADM.1	No
ADM.2	Yes
ADM.3	No

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that ADM.2 should be retested in order to verify that it is still possible to configure the required parameters.

Requirement	Description	Objective
ADM.2	 The product must be able to manage the following functionalities: Administration of the product locally and remotely. Configuration of session termination time or blocking when inactivity is detected. Other product configuration parameters. 	Verify that it is possible to configure session termination by inactivity time for the web interface and SSH console. Verify that it is possible to configure through the web interface: Protocols SSL Certificate SSL Ciphers TCP Port Alternate hostnames Listen interfaces HTTP Compression Verify that it is possible to configure parameters related to the SSH connection: Enable secure Shell Login group Permit root user login



	•	Permit	password
		login	
	•	SSH Port	
	•	Listen in	terfaces

2.2.2 IAU (IDENTIFICATION AND AUTHENTICATION)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

SFR	Retested
IAU.1	No
IAU.2	Yes
IAU.3	No
IAU.4	No
IAU.5	No

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that IAU.2 should be retested in order to verify that the bruteforce protection is still present.

Requirement	Description	Objective		
IAU.2	The product must implement	Verify if the TOE blocks the		
	mechanisms that prevent bruteforce	attacker's IP address after		
	authentication attacks.	a determined number of		
		failed attempts.		

2.2.3 COM (RELIABLE COMMUNICATION CHANNELS)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

SFR	Retested
COM.1	Yes
COM.2	No
COM.3	Yes

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that COM.1 and COM.3 should be retested in order to verify that the secure protocols are still being used and that certificates are used for HTTPS communications.

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Requirement	Description	Objective
COM.1	Protection of information in transit. The TOE shall establish secure channels when exchanging sensitive information with authorised entities or between different parts of the product using functions, algorithms and protocols by following the [CCN-STIC-807] guide (e.g., HTTPS/TLS 1.2, TLS 1.2 or higher, IPSec, etc.).	Verify that the TOE establishes secure channels using: • SSH, via remote console • HTTPS, via web interface • TLS, with external syslog server
COM.3	The product will use digital certificates for authentication when using any of these protocols.	Verify that the TOE still uses certificates when establishing HTTPS connections with users.

2.2.4 ACT (RELIABLE INSTALLATION AND UPGRADES)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

SFR	Retested
ACT.1	No
ACT.2	Yes
ACT.3	No
ACT.4	No

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that ACT.2 should be retested in order to verify that updates are verified before installing them.

Requirement	Description	Objective
ACT.2	The product must provide	Verify that the TOE uses
	mechanisms (according to the	mechanisms to verify and
	cryptography used in the ENS)	authenticate updates.
	through hashes or digital signature to	Verify that these
	authenticate the firmware/software mechanisms are agreed by	
	updates before installing them.	ENS.

2.2.5 AUD (AUDIT)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

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SFR	Retested
AUD.1	No
AUD.2	No
AUD.3	No
AUD.4	No
AUD.5	No

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], since [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality, OPNSense will not be tested again regarding this matter. Therefore, no requirement from regarding auditing will be tested in this STIC evaluation.

2.2.6 CIF (CRYPTOGRAPHIC REQUIREMENTS)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, the following coverage has been considered:

SFR	Retested
CIF.1	Yes

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that CIF.1 should be retested in order to verify that the TOE uses protocols and cipher suites agreed in [CCN-STIC-807].

Requirement	Description	Objective
CIF.1	All symmetric and asymmetric	Verify that the TOE uses
	encryption algorithms, key	agreed cryptographic
	agreement protocols and summary	mechanisms such as
	functions used by the product must	communication protocols,
	be within those accredited by the	cipher suites or summary
	CCN for use in the ENS. The list of	functions.
	these algorithms is included in the	
	[CCN-STIC-807] Cryptology for use in	To do so, the evaluator will
	the ENS (MEDIUM Category).	mainly inspect the
		communication channels.

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2.2.7 FW (FIREWALL)

After analyzing [CCN-STIC-140-D3] and [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] in relation to this security function, no requisite coverage has been considered to retest.

SFR	Retested
FW.1	Yes
FW.2	Yes
FW.3	Yes
FW.4	No
FW.5	No
FW.6	Yes
FW.7	Yes
FW.8	No

Equivalent requirements are included in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] does not present changes that may affect this security functionality. In any case, although no changes are considered relevant for this security function, the evaluator has considered that some fundamental requirements should be tested again in order to verify that the firewall functionality is still met.

Requirement	Description	Objective
FW.1	The product allows the definition of stateful traffic filtering rules using the following network protocol fields: a) ICMPv4 a) Type b) Code b) ICMPv6 a) Type b) Code c) IPv4 a) Source address b) Destination address c) Transport Layer Protocol d) IPv6 a) Source address b) Destination address c) Transport Layer Protocol e) TCP a) Source Port b) Destination Port f) UDP a) Source Port b) Destination Port	Verify if the TOE still allows to configure traffic filtering rules defining the required parameters through the web interface.
FW.2	The product allows the following operations to be associated with	



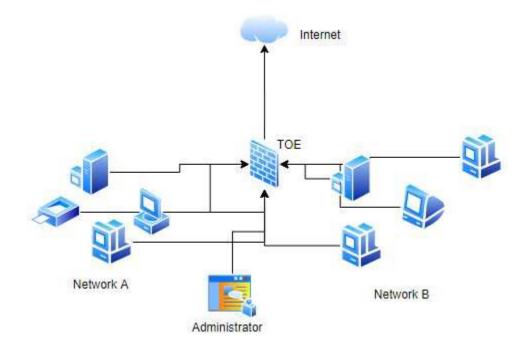


	stateful traffic filtering rules: permit or drop with the capability to log the operation.	traffic filtering rules such as permit or drop. Logging the operation when the rule is applied.
FW.3	The product allows the stateful traffic filtering rules to be assigned to each distinct network interface.	Check if it is possible to assigned traffic filtering rules to distinct network interfaces.
FW.6	The product process the applicable stateful traffic filtering rules in an administratively defined order.	Verify if the administrator is able to define an order for the TOE to apply traffic filtering rules.
FW.7	The product denies packet flow if a matching rule is not identified.	Verify that the TOE denies packets by default.

3 OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

The product is designed to run on a network to protect interconnections by allowing and/or limiting traffic to or from a network that is protected based on a set of rules established by an administrator. The TOE provides a Dashboard or graphical interface which offers a list of features to check the status of the product and the network quickly.



According to its features, the product is capable of being deployed according to the use cases described in the firewall taxonomy:

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- Border device. The product is able to be deployed in an operational environment where protects a network from an external network, as the Internet.
- Network segmentation. The device is located in an area where it protects two
 internal networks from each other, i.e., it segments both networks and allows
 only authorized traffic to flow from one to the other.

3.2 OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT ASSUMPTIONS

This section contains the assumptions presented by the manufacturer. They are described below:

Reference	Description	
A.Physical Protection	The product must be installed in an area where access is only possible for authorized personnel and under suitable environmental conditions.	
A.Limited functionality	The product must be used for network routing and filtering as its basic function and not provide any other functionality, except for certain compatible communication protection-oriented ones.	
A.Reliable Administration	The Administrator will be a trusted member and will look after getting the best security interests on behalf of the organization. It is therefore assumed that such an administrator is trained and free from any harmful intent in handling the product. The product will not be able to protect itself against and administrator user with bad intentions.	
A.Periodic Updates	The product's firmware and software will be updated as updates that correct known vulnerabilities are released.	
A.Credential Protection	All credentials, especially the administrator's credentials, must be properly protected by the organization who uses the product.	
A.Security Policy	A security policy should reflect the set of principles, organization and procedures required by an organization to address its information security needs, included the use of ICT.	

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4 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF THE EVALUATION

This is a STIC evaluation for the product OPNsense Business Edition. The evaluation has been carried out following the LINCE methodology to verify that the Business Edition of the previously evaluated and certified product still meets a series of requirements.

The previous evaluated version was the community edition and though the evaluated edition is the business edition and there are differences (showed in the table below), the security functions that are going to be evaluated are the same, since the additional functionality is not relevant. The main difference is that business edition is intended for companies, enterprises and professionals looking for a more stable upgrade path (this version lags 4 releases behind the community edition) and additional commercial features.

Features	Community Edition	Business Edition
Stateful Firewall	√	√
Various authentication options	✓	✓
Two-Factor Authentication	✓	✓
Certificates (Let's encrypt)	✓	✓
Link Aggregation & Failover	✓	✓
Traffic Shaping	✓	✓
Multi WAN	✓	✓
Load Balancer	✓	✓
Intrusion Detection & Prevention	✓	√
Captive Portal	✓	✓
VPN Services (Ipsec, OpenVPN, WireGuard)	✓	✓
High Availability	✓	✓
Virus scanner	✓	✓
Tested Updates (Business Edition Update Repository)	×	✓
Access to GeoIP database	×	✓
Access to the official OPNsense OVA image	×	✓
Business-Plugins (OPNcentral (in development))	×	√
Support of the active development with the license fee	×	√

Given that the Business Edition version 22.4 is based on the Community Edition 22.1.4 as mentioned by the manufacturer in https://docs.opnsense.org/releases/BE 22.4.html#april-26-2022. The changes introduced from the evaluated version of the Community Edition (21.7.1) to the version 22.1.4 have been examined in order to determine what security functionality could have been affected and, therefore, must be retested. This changelog is provided in the document [OPNSENSE-IAR-10].

Moreover, as a consequence of a further analysis requested by CPSTIC given the manufacturer's statement "This business release is based on the OPNsense 22.1.4



community version with additional reliability improvements.", the evaluator has requested the manufacturer more detail in relation to the aforementioned additional reliability improvements.

These additional reliability improvements are documented in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10] and are described by the manufacturer as bug fixes and minor changes backported from superior versions (22.1.5 and 22.1.6) of the Community Edition 22.1.4 into the Business Edition version 22.4. Such improvements, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10], were analysed and are considered to not affect the requirements tested and declared in [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16].

The changes between the versions, included in [OPNSENSE-IAR-10], were analysed by the evaluator, determining that, with the information given in the changelog, none of the requirements were considered affected by the changes. Given this, the evaluator has sampled the tests performed in the previous LINCE evaluation and has determined a set of tests to repeat for the Business edition. The section 2.2 Inventory of security functions delves deeper on the tests that are going to be carried out and they can be found in Annex B: Functional test plan and report.

Regarding this evaluation, after analyzing the scope of the tests and determining the requirements to retest, the installation of the TOE was carried following the manuals and taking into account the indications included in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16]) for the version of the product included in CPSTIC.

The installation was straightforward and flawless; therefore, no non-conformities were generated through this phase of the evaluation.

Apart from the installation procedure, in order to meet the cryptographic requirements, additional steps were followed in order to configure TLS cipher suites for the web interface, SSH cryptographic parameters and TLS cipher suites offered when connecting to a remote syslog server. These steps are documented in sections 6.3.2 Web interface TLS cipher suites configuration, 6.3.3 SSH cryptographic parameters configuration and 6.3.4 Syslog client TLS cipher suites configuration.

Following with the evaluation, the set of functional tests was conducted revealing that [TOE-224] passes the set of tests determined. Given the results experienced, the evaluator has not required to perform additional functional testing effort as the behavior showed by [TOE-224] demonstrate a high level of confidence. As all the functional tests passed, no non-conformities were generated during this phase.

Leading the completion of the functional tests, it was proceeded to perform the analysis of the TOE vulnerabilities. The evaluator followed the type of vulnerabilities documented in the previous LINCE evaluation as the TOE is the same. Given the vulnerabilities, the evaluator selected a set of penetration tests carried out in the LINCE evaluation, alongside others considered adequate, conducting them to verify that the product maintains the security warranties from the LINCE evaluation. These tests can be found in Annex D: Penetration test plan and report.

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During this phase, only one test failed and a non-conformity was generated and reported to the manufacturer:

• [STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-7010]: The evaluator identified an issue with the bootup procedure causing the transmission of packets without the application of the filtering rules defined in [TOE-224] during a temporal window. The root cause of this is that the network interfaces were configured and up before configuring the filtering rules.

This issue, labeled as OR01.NC01, was communicated to the manufacturer. A solution to this issue was provided which consists on a small change related to the file that defines the bootup sequence. This change is documented in section 6.3.5 Bootup sequence hardening.

Once the indications were provided by the manufacturer, the evaluator repeated the related test and verified that the solution was valid and working, closing the associated non-conformity OR01.NC01.

Therefore, since all the registered non-conformities were solved, the laboratory concludes the evaluation with the verdict PASS.

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5 VERDICT OF THE EVALUATION

After analyzing the results of the evaluation, the laboratory determines that the verdict is **PASS**.

The installation of the product does not reveal any non-conformity.

The documentation analysis does not reveal any non-conformity.

The functional tests do not reveal any non-conformity.

The vulnerability analysis does not reveal any non-conformity.

The penetration tests do not reveal any non-conformity.



6 TOE PREPARATION AND CONFIGURATION

Documents used during installation	[OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] [DOC-998ad2a]
Evaluator	DAT
Days required	1 day.
Results of the evaluator's work	PASS

6.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

This section contains the evaluation activities defined in section 4.2 of [CCN-STIC-2002] as well as a brief description of the result of these tasks on the TOE and its documentation.

TE.2.1. The evaluator shall check that, according to the TOE operative and preparative guidance, it is possible to securely install the product using the configuration or configurations referenced in the Security Target.

PASS The evaluator has been able to install the product exclusively following the contents of the manufacturer's documentation, provided through [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] and [DOC-998ad2a].

TE.2.2. The evaluator shall check that the manufacturer has provided the testing platforms required to carry out the TOE evaluation activities.

PASS The manufacturer has provided the evaluator with a platform on which to develop the tests, as well as the necessary documentation to make use of it within the conditions of the evaluation.

TE.2.3. The evaluator shall register the relevant information to successfully install the TOE.

PASS The information necessary to carry out the complete installation of the product, under the same conditions as those used for this evaluation, can be found in the sections 6.2 Detailed configuration of the operational environment y 6.3 Description of the installation and configuration of the TOE.

TE.2.4. The evaluator shall register all system's configuration specific data when appropriate.

PASS The specific data used during the TOE preparation and configuration process is reflected in the section 6.4 Used installation options.

TE.2.5. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to the installation and configuration of the TOE or the test environment.



PASS No non-conformities were found regarding the installation process of the TOE and its documentation. The results are summarized in the section 6.5 Results.

6.2 DETAILED CONFIGURATION OF THE OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT

The test scenarios are described in section 12 Annex A: Test scenarios.

6.3 DESCRIPTION OF THE INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION OF THE TOE

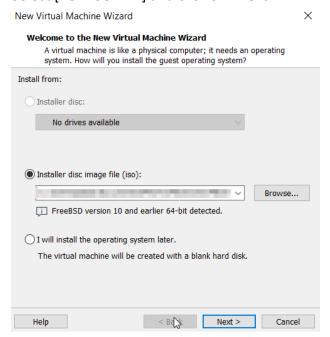
6.3.1 OPNSENSE INSTALLATION

To perform the installation, the steps needed are the following:

1. Open VMware and click on Create a new virtual machine.

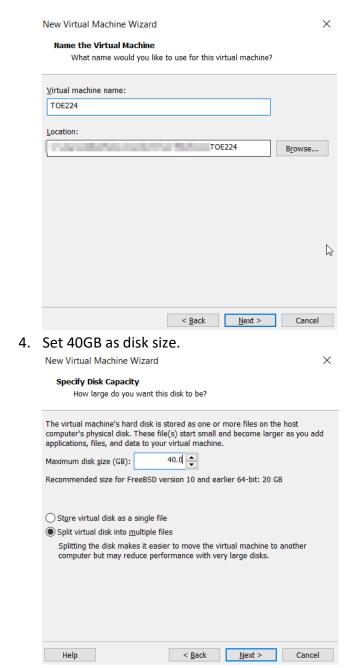


2. Select [TOE-ISO-224] and click on "Next".

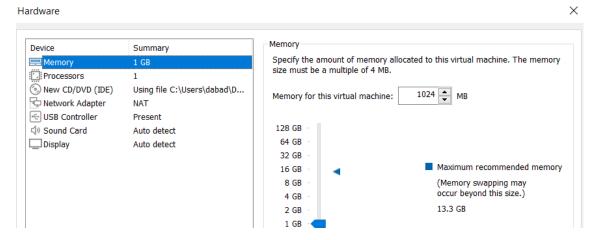


3. Give a name to the virtual machine and click on "Next".





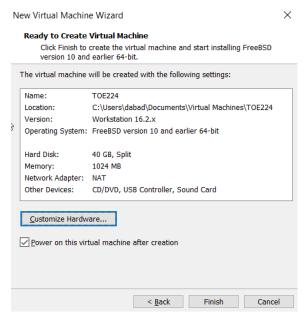
5. Click on Customize Hardware → Memory and set 1GB of RAM memory. Then, press "Close".



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6. Click on "Finish".



- 7. Wait for [TOE-224] to boot up.
- 8. In order to install [TOE-224], log in with the user "installer" and authenticate with the password "opnsense".

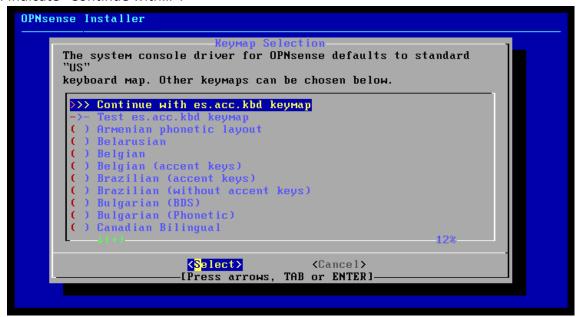
```
>>> Invoking start script 'cron'
Starting Cron: OK
>>> Invoking start script 'beep'
Root file system: /dev/iso9660/OPNSENSE INSTALL
Thu Jun 9 10:49:35 UTC 2022
*** OPNsense.localdomain: OPNsense 22.4 (amd64/OpenSSL) ***
 LAN (em0)
                     -> v4: 192.168.1.1/24
 HTTPS: SHA256 BF 2D 1E 71 6F 3B 75 02 B4 92 DD 55 EC 9B 97 A2
         69 5D 9E 4A 3F 80 3C 6B 5D CE 61 51 2F 92 0C 96
SHA256 ZvHVFM0L3L9j7chHeJFBCyaaDv28ibfzlnIQpG9MeiU (ECDSA)
          SHA256 sUnQiMRxjSQraESWuVIo7g/x/fz7NhhsQrvL91a8jFA (ED25519)
 SSH:
          SHA256 BLPa7jG3GfK3o0/gzGFrDXqkDe+aiqyXMnkTtshwC3E (RSA)
 SSH:
Welcome! OPNsense is running in live mode from install media. Please login as 'root' to continue in live mode, or as 'installer' to start the
installation. Use the default or previously-imported root password for both accounts. Remote login via SSH is also enabled.
FreeBSD∕amd64 (OPNsense.localdomain) (ttyv0)
login: installer
Password:
```

9. Select the keyboard layout.





10. Indicate "Continue with...".

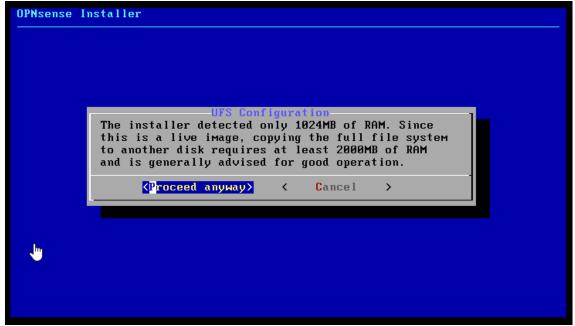


11. Select "Install (UFS)" and press Enter.



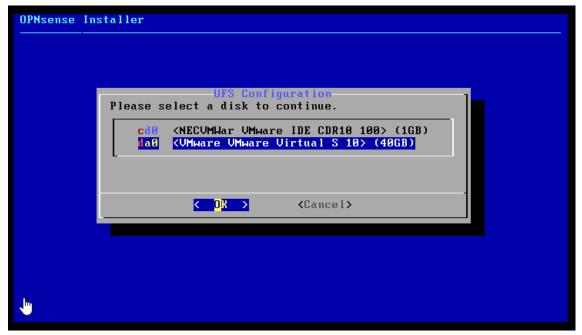


12. Select "Proceed anyway" and press Enter.



13. Select the 40GB virtual disk and press OK.





14. Select Yes and press Enter.



15. Select Yes and press Enter.







16. Select "Change root password" and press OK.



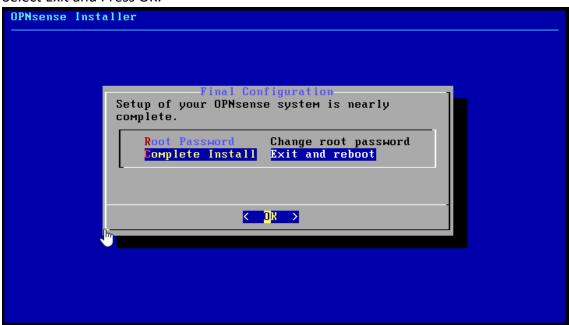
17. Define a new password for the root user, the password shall be at least 10 characters long and have capital letters, numbers and special characters.

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18. Select Exit and Press OK.



19. Wait for [TOE-224] to reboot and navigate to the web interface.

```
The installation finished successfully.

After reboot, open a web browser and navigate to https://192.168.1.1 (or the LAN IP address). The console can also be used to set a different LAN IP.

Your browser may report the HTTPS certificate as untrusted and ask you to accept it. This is normal, as the default certificate will be self-signed and cannot be validated by an external root authority.

Rebooting in 5 seconds. CTRL-C to abort...
```

- 20. Log in with the root user credentials.
- 21. Follow the wizard setup, press Next.

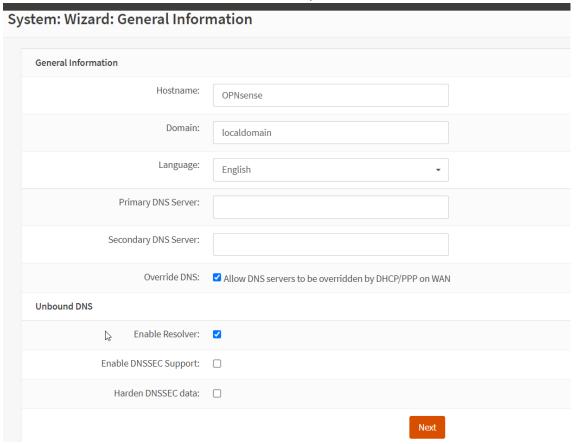
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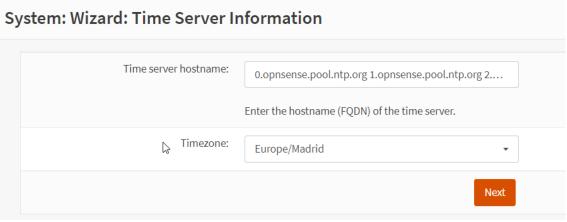




22. Give a hostname and a domain to the TOE and press Next.



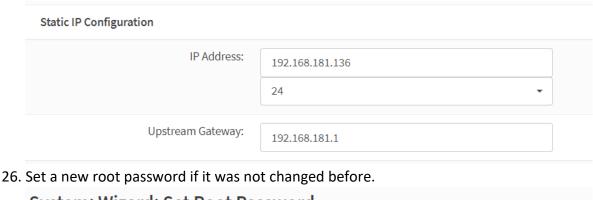
23. Set NTP servers and the time zone. In this case the NTP servers configured are the ones offered by default. Press Next.

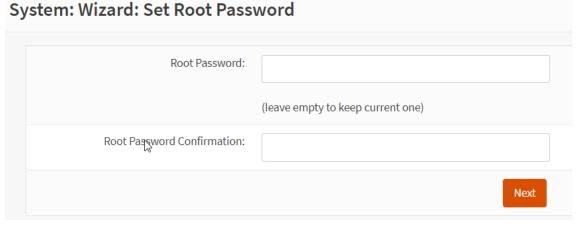


- 24. Do not configure any field in "Configure WAN interface".
- 25. In "Configure LAN interface" check that the IP address and the subnet mask are the same as configured in previous steps. Press Next.

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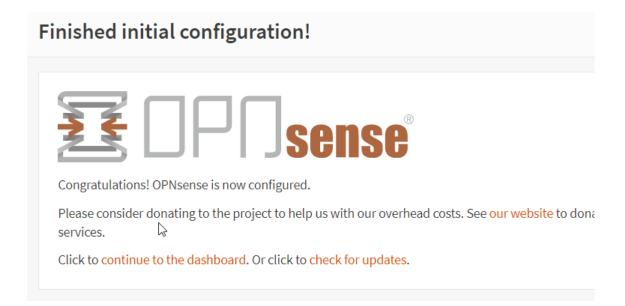




27. Click on reload to apply the changes.

System: Wizard: Reload Configuration Click 'Reload' to apply the changes. Reload

28. [TOE-224] is now configured and ready, click to the dashboard.

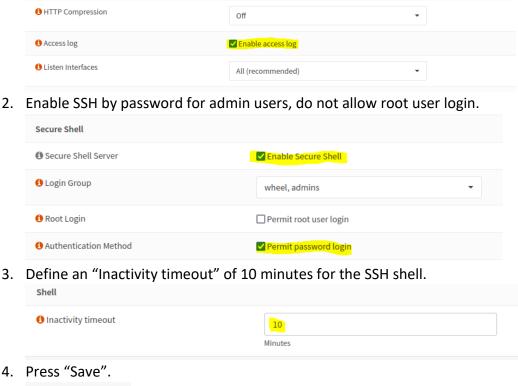


29/52 Uncontrolled copy if printed.



After installing the TOE, given the indications in the security target [OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16], the following steps are required through the web interface:

1. Enable the access log parameter in the Settings menu. In the left panel go to System → Settings → Administration and select "enable access log".



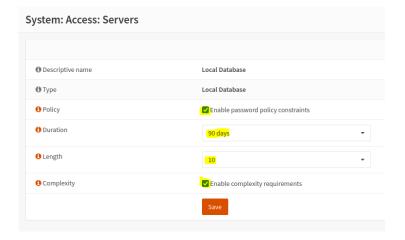
- 4. Press "Save".
- 5. Define a password policy. In the left panel, go to System \rightarrow Access \rightarrow Servers.
- 6. Press the edit button.



7. Enable "Password policy constraints". Then, add a duration for passwords, the minimum length and enable complexity requirements. Finally, press "Save".

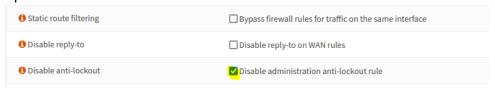






To protect the TOE against DoS attacks, log in into [TOE-224] through the web interface and follow the next steps:

1. Go to Firewall → Settings → Advanced and mark the "Disable anti-lockout" option.



- 2. Go to Firewall \rightarrow Rules \rightarrow LAN and create a new rule for allowing a maximum of 100 simultaneous connections to the Firewall administration web page.
- 3. Create another with the same parameters, but only allowing <IP-UBUNTU> as source address.
- 4. Select both rules in the top and click on "Apply changes".

Finally, it is recommended to install a digital certificate signed by a trusted CA. However, a self-signed certificate generated by [TOE-224] itself is used in this evaluation, as it does not imply a degradation in the quality level at the functionality or testing of [TOE-224]. This matter is taken into account by the evaluator when conducting the testing.

6.3.2 WEB INTERFACE TLS CIPHER SUITES CONFIGURATION

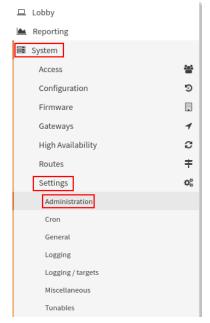
In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cipher suites for TLS through the web interface. This configuration affects the web portal used to manage and administrate [TOE-224]. The steps below are followed:

- 1. Log in through the web interface for [TOE-224] with the root user.
- 2. Navigate to System → Settings → Administration.

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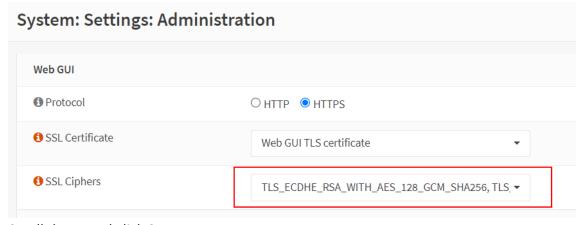
31/52 Uncontrolled copy if printed.





3. In the Web GUI section, use the dropdown menu for "SSL Ciphers" to select valid cipher suites.

TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256



4. Scroll down and click Save.



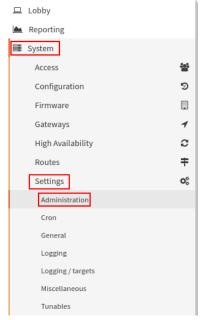
6.3.3 SSH CRYPTOGRAPHIC PARAMETERS CONFIGURATION

In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cryptographic parameters for SSH through the web interface. This configuration affects the SSH connections that users establish with [TOE-224]. The steps below are followed:

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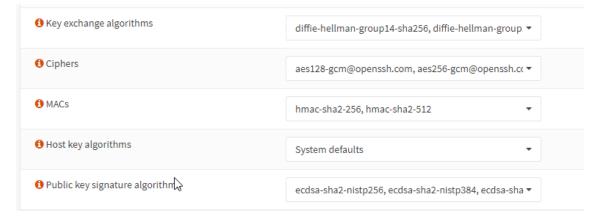


- 1. Log in through the web interface for [TOE-224] with the root user.
- 2. Navigate to System → Settings → Administration.

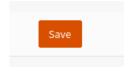


- 3. In the Secure Shell section, use the dropdown menu for "Key exchange algorithms", "Ciphers", "MACs" and "Public key signature algorithms" to select valid cryptographic parameters.
 - a. Key exchange algorithms:
 - i. diffie-hellman-group14-sha256
 - ii. diffie-hellman-group16-sha512
 - iii. diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
 - iv. ecdh-sha2-nistp256
 - v. ecdh-sha2-nistp384
 - vi. ecdh-sha2-nistp521
 - b. Ciphers:
 - i. aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 - ii. aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 - c. MACs:
 - i. hmac-sha2-256
 - ii. hmac-sha2-512
 - d. Public key signature algorithms:
 - i. ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
 - ii. ecdsa-sha2-nistp385
 - iii. ecdsa-sha2-nistp521





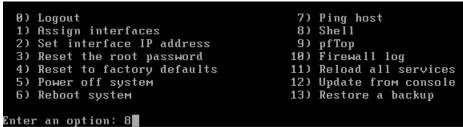
4. Scroll down and click Save.



6.3.4 SYSLOG CLIENT TLS CIPHER SUITES CONFIGURATION

In order to meet the cryptographic requirements and conform [CCN-STIC-807], it is required to configure accepted cipher suites through the local command line interface. This configuration affects the TLS connections when [TOE-224] communicates with a remote syslog server. The steps below are followed:

1. Log in through the local command line for [TOE-224] and select the Shell option.



- 3. In the network parameters, inside the TLS parameters, add the following lines: ssl-options(no-sslv2, no-sslv3, no-tlsv1, no-tlsv11) cipher-suite("ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384:ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256:TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256:TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256:TLS_C HACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256:ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-

SHA256: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-CCM: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-CCM")



4. Save the file.

6.3.5 BOOTUP SEQUENCE HARDENING

In order to harden the bootup of [TOE-224], the manufacturer provided indications regarding the bootup sequence. The steps followed are the following:

- 1. Open the local command line from [TOE-224].
- Edit the file /usr/local/etc/rc.bootup and add the following line before the instruction "interfaces_configure(true);".
 filter configure sync(true);

```
system_kernel_configure(true);
system_kernel_configure(true);
                                                        system_sysctl_configure(true);
system_timezone_configure(true);
system_sysctl_configure(true);
system_timezone_configure(true);
system_firmware_configure(true);
                                                        system_firmware_configure(true);
                                                        system_trust_configure(true);
system_trust_configure(true);
system_hostname_configure(true);
system_hosts_generate(true);
                                                        system_hostname_configure(true);
                                                        system_hosts_generate(true);
system_syslog_start(true);
                                                        system_syslog_start(true);
                                                        filter_configure_sync(true);
interfaces_configure(true);
                                                        interfaces_configure(true);
system_resolvconf_generate(true);
                                                        system_resolvconf_generate(true);
filter_configure_sync(true);
plugins_configure('early', true);
system_routing_configure(true);
                                                        filter_configure_sync(true);
plugins_configure('early', true);
                                                        system_routing_configure(true);
system_hosts_generate(true);
                                                        system_hosts_generate(true);
plugins_configure('dhcp', true);
plugins_configure('dhcrelay', true);
plugins_configure('dns', true);
                                                        plugins_configure('dhcp', true);
plugins_configure('dhcrelay', true);
                                                        plugins_configure('dns', true);
plugins_configure('monitor', true);
                                                        plugins_configure('monitor', true);
filter_configure_sync(true);
plugins_configure('vpn', true);
plugins_configure('bootup', true);
                                                        filter_configure_sync(true);
                                                       plugins_configure('vpn', true);
plugins_configure('bootup', true);
rrd_configure(true);
rrd_configure(true);
```

6.4 USED INSTALLATION OPTIONS

The selection of different installation options in order to achieve the secure configuration was not considered or required.



6.5 RESULTS

ID	Non-conformity	State
N/A	None.	N/A

ID	Comments	State
N/A	None.	N/A



7 CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT

7.1 DOCUMENTATION ANALYSIS

Documents analyzed	[OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] [DOC-998ad2a]
Evaluator	DAT
Days required	1 days.
Results of the evaluator's work	PASS

7.1.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the requirements of the standard, in section 4.3 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with respect to the evaluation activities on documentation analysis.

TE.3.1. The evaluator shall list the analyzed documents.

PASS The list of analyzed documents is presented in the row *Documents analyzed* of the table in the 7.1 *Documentation analysis*.

TE.3.2. The evaluator shall check that the provided information meets the requirements related to content and presentation (section 3 of [CCN-STIC-2002]), providing a verdict about its completeness and legibility. If there is a big a volume of information to be reviewed, the evaluator may, after notifying the Certification Body, implement a sampling strategy in accordance to the following priorities:

- The Security Target provided by the manufacturer;
- TOE preparative and operative guidance;

PASS The documentation provided by the manufacturer complies with section 3 of [CCN-STIC-2002].

TE.3.3. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to any deviation of the evaluated documentation.

PASS The results of the analysis of the documentation provided by the manufacturer are reflected in the section 7.1.2 *Results*.

7.1.2 RESULTS

ID	Non-conformity	State
N/A	None.	N/A

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ID	Comments	State
N/A	None.	N/A



7.2 FUNCTIONAL TESTS

Evaluator	DHA
	DAT
Days required	3 days.
Results of the evaluator's	PASS
work	

7.2.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the evaluation activities specified in section 4.4 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to functional testing of the TOE.

TE.4.1. The evaluator shall check and test the product's security functions and mechanisms to a level of detail that allows checking that the declared security functionality has been correctly implemented in the product. If the tests are not complete, the evaluator shall provide a rationale regarding the used sampling strategy.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 7.2.2 List of functional tests. This information is presented in more detail in the section 13 Annex B: Functional test plan and report.

TE.4.2. The evaluator shall register every non-conformity in regards to any test performed.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 7.2.3 Results.

7.2.2 LIST OF FUNCTIONAL TESTS

The evaluator has sampled the tests performed in the previous LINCE evaluation and has determined a set of tests to repeat for the Business edition. This set of tests have been approved by CPSTIC.

Security function	Test code	Objective	Result
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1020]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to set a session termination by inactivity time in the Web Interface.	PASS
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-1021]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to set a session termination by inactivity time in the SSH server.	PASS
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1022]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to configure the following	PASS



		parameters in the Web Interface: Protocols SSL Certificate SSL Ciphers TCP Port Alternate Hostnames Listen Interfaces HTTP Compression	
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-1023]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to configure the following parameters for SSH server: • Enable secure shell • Login group • Permit root user login • Permit password login • SSH Port • Listen interfaces	PASS
SF. Identification and authentication	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2020]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow brute force attacks targeting its Web Interface, blocking the attacker's IP address.	PASS
SF. Identification and authentication	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-2021]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow brute force attacks through SSH.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels SF. Cryptographic requirements	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-3010]	Verify that [TOE-224] establishes a secure channel via SSH when a user establishes a connection in accordance with [CCN-STIC-807].	PASS

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SF. Reliable communication	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-3011]	Verify that [TOE-224] establishes a secure channel via	PASS
channels SF. Cryptographic		HTTPS/TLS v1.2 when a user establishes a connection in accordance with [CCN-STIC-	
requirements		807].	
SF. Reliable communication channels SF. Cryptographic requirements	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-3012]	Verify that [TOE-224] establishes a secure channel via TLS v1.2 when sending information to an external syslog server in accordance with [CCN-STIC-807].	PASS
SF. Reliable installation and upgrades SF. Cryptographic requirements	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-4020]	Verify that [TOE-224] uses mechanisms to verify and authenticate updates before installing them in accordance to the cryptography agreed in the ENS.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5010]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by ICMPv4 or ICMPv6 traffic.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-5011]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by IPv4 or IPv6.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5012]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to set traffic filtering rules that are defined by network protocols (TCP/UDP).	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5013]	Verify that [TOE-224] filters packets effectively by ICMPv4 or ICMPv6.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5014]	Verify that [TOE-224] filters packets effectively by UDP or TCP.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5020]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows the modification of the Action parameter (permit or block) when defining a new firewall filtering rule with the capacity to log the operation.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- TST-5030]	Verify that [TOE-224] allows to assign firewall filtering rules to distinct network interfaces.	PASS

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SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5060]	Verify if the administrator is able to define an order for [TOE-224] to apply traffic filtering rules.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-TST-5070]	Verify that [TOE-224] denies packets by default.	PASS

7.2.3 RESULTS

ID	Non-conformity	State
N/A	None.	N/A

ID	Comments	State
N/A	None.	N/A

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8 VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

Evaluator	DAT
Days required	2 days.
Results of the evaluator's	PASS
work	

8.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the Evaluation activities specified in section 4.5 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to the analysis of vulnerabilities present in the TOE.

TE.5.1. The evaluator shall perform a methodic vulnerability analysis by using any means within their technical competence.

PASS The TOE vulnerability analysis is described in the 8.3 TOE vulnerability del TOE. The result of this analysis is detailed in the section

TE.5.2 The evaluator shall document the devised vulnerability analysis methodology.

PASS The method followed to carry out the vulnerability analysis is described in the section 8.2 Methodology used for the analysis.

TE.5.3. The evaluator shall document every identified potential vulnerability applicable to the TOE scope.

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 8.4 List of potential vulnerabilities.

This information is described in more detail in the section 14 Annex C: Vulnerability analysis.

TE.5.4. The evaluator shall compute the attack potential for every potential vulnerability in accordance to the punctuation system presented in the section 4.5.1 of [CCN-STIC-2002].

PASS Information concerning this task of the evaluator can be found in the section 8.4 List of potential vulnerabilities.

This information is described in more detail in the section 14 Annex C: Vulnerability analysis.

8.2 METHODOLOGY USED FOR THE ANALYSIS

The methodology used follows the spirit of the Common Criteria [CC] methodology for vulnerability analysis [CEM].



Firstly, a survey of the TOE information available has been carried out to identify potential vulnerabilities that can be exploited by an attacker with low attack potential.

An extensive analysis of the state of the art regarding the different vectors of attack on TOE-like tools has been carried out from different points of view. Based on the results of these tools and the analysis of the most common weaknesses of this type of tools, the vulnerabilities of the TOE have been identified.

Next, an assessment and analysis of the vulnerabilities found has been made by performing tests that provide more information on the vulnerabilities and give rise to more sophisticated attacks.

In a third step, penetration tests have been carried out based on the vulnerabilities found to check the degree of exploitability of the vulnerabilities.

Finally, comprehensive and more complex penetration tests on the exploitable vulnerabilities present in the TOE have been developed as proofs of concept to illustrate the possibilities of an attacker exploiting these vulnerabilities.

To calculate the distribution of the time dedicated to each vulnerability, it has been done taking into account the degree of difficulty to be exploited, as well as the severity for the integrity of the TOE that a successful attack would entail.

8.3 TOE VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS

The vulnerability analysis process involves checking all security features declared in the TOE, identifying potential TOE vulnerabilities.

The analysis process continues with the clear definition of the context of vulnerability to serve as a basis for understanding its severity and subsequent consideration. On the basis of this information, the different routes of attack on the vulnerable element are established, which, if appropriate, will be tested for penetration later.

The tools used in the identification of the vulnerabilities present in the TOE are developed from information present in the TOE are developed from public information always under the requirements of time and effort marked by the methodology and developing small scripts from public information and based on the functional tests performed in the previous stage.

8.4 LIST OF POTENTIAL VULNERABILITIES

Code	Resistance level
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1010]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1020]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1050]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-1130]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-2030]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-2040]	BASIC

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[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3010]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-3030]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-4010]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-6010]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-7010]	BASIC
[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-VUL-8010]	BASIC

8.5 RESULTS

ID	Non-conformity	State
N/A	None.	N/A

ID	Comments	State
N/A	None.	N/A



9 TOE PENETRATION TESTS

This section presents a summary of the tests carried out and the results obtained.

Evaluator	DAT
Days required	3 days.
Results of the evaluator's	PASS
work	

9.1 EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

The information presented in this section covers the result of carrying out the evaluation activities specified in section 4.6 of [CCN-STIC-2002], with regard to the TOE penetration tests.

TE.6.1. The evaluator shall provide a list with all the penetration tests performed on the TOE including, at least, the required steps to reproduce each test, the expected result, the actual result and whether the attack is successful or not.

PASS The list of penetration tests performed can be found summarized in the section 9.2 List of penetration tests and described in more detail and with the information indicating the evaluator's task in the section 15 Annex D: Penetration test plan and report.

TE.6.2. The evaluator shall document all non-conformities related to any successful attack.

PASS The results of the penetration tests are collected on the basis of the non-conformities and comments in the section *9.3 Results*.

9.2 LIST OF PENETRATION TESTS

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Penetration tests are performed from the perspective of a potential attacker and, based on the vulnerabilities found in the TOE, aim to cover the most relevant and promising attack vectors.

Time constraints mean that the methodology used in penetration testing is focused on determining whether the objective established in each test is feasible, thus determining the severity of the identified vulnerabilities.

Some tests were not identified during the preliminary vulnerability analysis and are the result of the creativity of the evaluator, who looks for new possible attacks in an exploratory way based on the knowledge gained during the tests.

For these tests it will be necessary to create an applicable vulnerability and calculate the attack potential.

The PASS/FAIL criteria for establishing the result of the penetration tests will be that if a FAIL penetration test is performed because the TOE does not behave safely according



to the security functionality and assets declared by the manufacturer in his Security Target. For those penetration tests whose objective is not directly the violation of the security properties of the TOE but rather the collection of information for further testing or that by their characteristics do not violate any asset or contradict the security functionality declared by the manufacturer in an evident way, the verdict will be assigned to PASS.

In those cases where the TOE presents vulnerabilities that are not exploitable in the operational environment of the TOE, either because of the action of the environmental hypotheses or because the time or capabilities required to exploit them exceed the time and effort restrictions of this certification, a PASS result will be established and the verdict of the PASS will be justified, creating a comment that will allow the manufacturer to improve the security of the product if he so wishes.

Security function	Test code	Objective	Result
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1010]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow non-privileged users to perform privileged users' actions with specified URLs.	PASS
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-1020]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow to gain access to the management interfaces with the default credentials.	PASS
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ- PT-1050]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow user enumeration by Web Interface messages.	PASS
SF. Reliable Administration	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-1130]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow non-privileged user to access through SSH.	PASS
SF. Identification and authentication	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-2030]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not store password in plain-text.	PASS
SF. Identification and authentication	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-2040]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow an attacker to block the root account by brute-force in the Web Interface.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3010]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow to downgrade HTTPS to HTTP.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3030]	Verify if [TOE-224] authenticates the external syslog server.	PASS

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SF. Reliable communication channels	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3031]	Verify that [TOE-224] properly verifies the certificate from the external syslog server.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3032]	Verify if it is possible to exploit a XSS vulnerability by indicating the payload in the fields from a certificate of a remote syslog server.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels SF. Cryptographic requirements	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-3033]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow to use TLS versions lower that TLSv1.2 in the communication with an external syslog server.	PASS
SF. Reliable communication channels	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-4010]	Verify if an attacker is able to spoof the update server when [TOE-224] is checking for updates.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-7010]	Verify that [TOE-224] correctly applies filtering rules on boot.	PASS
SF. Firewall	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-7011]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not allow rule bypassing when packets are fragmented.	PASS
All security functions	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-8010]	Verify that [TOE-224] does not present exploitable vulnerabilities identified performing a scan with the tool Nessus.	PASS

9.3 RESULTS

ID	Non-conformity	State
OR01.NC01	[STIC_OPNSENSE_CQ-PT-7010]	CLOSED
	Network interfaces are enabled before configuring the	
	firewall when [TOE-224] is booting up, therefore, there is a	
	small window where the traffic is unfiltered and transmitted.	
	The manufacturer provided instructions to modify a	
	configuration file related to the bootup procedure. Adding	





"filter_configure_sync(true);" before the step for the configuration of the network interfaces fixes the issue.

ID	Comments	State
N/A	None.	N/A





10 REFERENCES

[CC] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security

Evaluation.

The last approved version must be considered which is published in the website of the Certification Body.

(https://oc.ccn.cni.es).

[CCN-STIC-2001] Definition of the National Essential Security Certification

(LINCE), version 0.1. January 2020.

[CCN-STIC-2002] Evaluation Methodology for the National Essential

Security Certification (LINCE), version 0.1. January 2020

[CCN-STIC-2003] Template for the Security Target of the National

Essential Security Certification (LINCE), version 0.1.

January 2020

[CCN-STIC-807] Use of cryptology within the National Security Scheme

(Esquema Nacional de Seguridad). Mayo 2022.

[CEM] Common Methodology for Information Technology

Security Evaluation: Evaluation Methodology.

The last approved version must be considered which is published in the website of the Certification Body.

(https://oc.ccn.cni.es).

[OPNSENSE-LINCE-ST16] LINCE Security Target v1.6.

[OPNSENSE-IAR-10] Impact analysis report v1.0 for [TOE-224].

[listado_de_evidencias] List of evidence in which are included the reference,

title, version, path and SHA-256 hash of the different evidence provided by the manufacturer for the

evaluation.

10.1 DEVELOPER EVIDENCES

The applicable developer evidence is listed in the latest version of the attached document [listado de evidencias].





11 ACRONYMS

CBS Basic Security Certification

CCN Centro Criptológico Nacional

CNI Centro Nacional de Inteligencia

ENS Esquema Nacional de Seguridad

LINCE National Essential Security Certification

MCF Source Code Module

MEC Cryptographic Evaluation Module

TIC Information and Communications Technology

TOE Target Of Evaluation

LAN Local Area Network

WAN Wide Area Network

IP Internet Protocol

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

UDP User Datagram Protocol

ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol

TLS Transport Layer Security

SSH Secure Shell

UFS Unix File System

NTP Network Time Protocol

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTTPS Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

DoS Denial of Service

CA Certification Authority

GUI Graphical User Interface

CLI Command Line Interface



STIC Evaluation Technical Report



SSL Secure Sockets Layer

MAC Message Authentication Code